Valley County Planning and Zoning

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STAFF REPORT:

C.U.P. 22-25 Paddy Summit Subdivision - Preliminary Plat

HEARING DATE:

July 14, 2022

TO:

Planning and Zoning Commission

STAFF:

Cynda Herrick, AtCP, CFM Planning and Zoning Director

APPLICANT/

James M Neill & Three Fifty-Nine LLC

PROPERTY OWNERS:

3496 N Prospector LN

Garden City ID 83714

SURVEYOR:

Dave Crawford

Centurion / B&A Engineers INC

2323 S Vista STE 206

Boise, ID 83705

LOCATION:

581 Paddy Flat Road

Parcel RP17N04E212610 - Tax #4 in Sections 20, 21 and 29, T.17N

R.4E, Boise Meridian, Valley County, Idaho

SIZE:

280 acres

REQUEST:

Single-Family Residential Subdivision

EXISTING LAND USE:

Productive Timber Land

The applicants are requesting a conditional use permit for a 13-lot single-family residential subdivision on 280 acres. Proposed lot sizes range from 4.67 acres to 59.76 acres. Overall density is 0.05 dwelling units per acre; Valley County ordinances allows a maximum of 2.5 dwelling units per acre.

Access would be from Paddy Flat Road (public) and Loomis Ranch Road (public). Road right-of-way (35-ft from center) would be dedicated to Valley County. A shared driveway is proposed for Lots 8, 9, and 10. The shared driveway will be constructed to fire code (hardened all weather surface) and there will be a shared driveway agreement.

Individual wells and individual septic systems are proposed. The applicant states that there are no electric lines, gas lines, or phones lines available to this property; each lot owner would be responsible for any such service. Power will be by individual owners as solar panels or generators.

No further subdivision or split would be allowed for Lots 1 through 10.

A wildland urban interface protection plan will be submitted. It is in preparation by John Lillehaug.

Staff Report C.U.P. 22-25 Page 1 of 8 The 280-acre site is addressed as 581 Paddy Flat Road

FINDINGS:

- 1. The application was submitted on May 24, 2022.
- 2. Legal notice was posted in the *Star News* on June 23, 2022, and June 30, 2022. Potentially affected agencies were notified on June 14, 2022. Property owners within 300 feet of the property line were notified by fact sheet sent June 17, 2022. The site was posted on July 1, 2022. The notice and application were posted online at www.co.valley.id.us on June 14, 2022.
- 3. Agency comment received:

Central District Health requires more information including an application, test holes, and engineering report. (June 17, 2022)

Jess Ellis, Donnelly Rural Fire Marshal, responded with requirements for roads, driveways, water supply, and address posting. A water storage tank is required. Maximum gradient for driveways cannot exceed 10% unless approved by the Fire District. Shared driveways shall be inspected and approved by the Fire District prior to certificate of occupancy issued (June 23, 2022)

Jeff McFadden, Road Department Superintendent, states Farm to Market RD and Paddy Flat RD will be impacted by the increased traffic including all-season road maintenance, road resurfacing, and road rebuilds. Valley County does not provide snow removal past the last house on the north side of the road, approximately one mile from Farm to Market Road. He recommends:

- The developer or new owners shall enter into a snow removal road agreement with Valley County if private snow removal is to be considered.
- The applicant should dedicate 35-ft of road right-of-way to the public. Prior to final plat, the developer agrees to provide an appraisal for the value of the right-of-way along with a legal description and warranty deed to be recorded with the Valley County Clerk.
- Mitigate impacts to transportation services by negotiate with the developer payment of road improvement costs attributable to traffic generated by proposed development. The value of the developers proportionate share may be determined by several methods.
- The recommendations that are agreeable to the developer should be memorialized in a future voluntary road agreement negotiated between the Valley County Board of County Commissioners, Valley County Road Department, and developer identifying the value of road improvement costs contributed. (July 5, 2022)
- 4. Neighbor comment received: none
- 5. Physical characteristics of the site: Mountainous topography; timbered.
- 6. The surrounding land use and zoning includes:

North: State of Idaho (Timber) South: Agricultural (Timber)

East: Agricultural (Timber) and State of Idaho (Timber)

West: Agricultural (Timber)

7. Valley County Code (Title 9): In Table 9-3-1, this proposal is categorized under:

2. Residential Uses (c) Subdivision for single-family subdivision.

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9-5-3: STANDARDS:

B. Setbacks:

- 1. Structures Exceeding Three Feet In Height: The setbacks for all structures exceeding three feet (3') in height are specified herein under the site and development standards for the specific use.
- 3. High Water Line: All residential buildings shall be set back at least thirty feet (30') from high water lines. All other buildings shall be set back at least one hundred feet (100') from high water lines.
- Measurement: All building setbacks shall be measured horizontally, on a perpendicular to the
 property line, to the nearest corner or face of the building including eaves, projections, or
 overhangs.

9-5A-1: GRADING:

- A. Permit Required: Grading to prepare a site for a conditional use or grading, vegetation removal, construction or other activity that has any impact on the subject land or on adjoining properties is a conditional use. A conditional use permit is required prior to the start of such an activity.
- C. Flood Prone Areas: Grading within flood prone areas is regulated by provisions of section 9-6-2 of this title and title 11 of this code. A permit, if required, shall be a part of the conditional use permit.
- D. Wetlands: Grading or disturbance of wetlands is subject to approval of the U.S. corps of engineers under the federal clean water act. The federal permit, if required, shall be part of the conditional use permit.

E. Site Grading Plan:

- 1. The conditional use permit application shall include a site grading plan, or preliminary site grading plan for subdivisions, clearly showing the existing site topography and the proposed final grades with elevations or contour lines and specifications for materials and their placement as necessary to complete the work. The plan shall demonstrate compliance with best management practices for surface water management for permanent management and the methods that will be used during construction to control or prevent the erosion, mass movement, siltation, sedimentation, and blowing of dirt and debris caused by grading, excavation, open cuts, side slopes, and other site preparation and development. The plan shall be subject to review of the county engineer and the soil conservation district. The information received from the county engineer, the soil conservation district, and other agencies regarding the site grading plan shall be considered by the planning and zoning commission and/or the board of county commissioners in preparing the conditions of approval or reasons for denial of the applications.
- 2. For subdivisions, preliminary site grading plans and stormwater management plans must be presented for review and approval by the commission as part of the conditional use permit application. However, prior to construction of the infrastructure, excavation, or recordation of the final plat, the final plans must be approved by the county engineer.
- F. Land Surfaces Not Used For Roads, Buildings And Parking: All land surfaces not used for roads, buildings and parking shall be covered either by natural vegetation, other natural and undisturbed open space, or landscaping.
- G. Stormwater Management Plan: Prior to issuance of building permits, the administrator must receive a certification from the developer's engineer verifying that the stormwater management plan has been implemented according to approved plans. (Ord 10-06, 8-23-2010)

9-5A-2: ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS:

- A. Roads For Public Dedication And Maintenance: Roads for public dedication and maintenance shall be designed and constructed in accordance with title 10 of this code and in accordance with "Construction Specifications And Standards For Roads And Streets In Valley County, Idaho".
- B. Access Roads Or Driveways: Residential developments, civic or community service uses, and commercial uses shall have at least two (2) access roads or driveways to a public street wherever practicable.

- C. Private Roads: Private roads shall meet the provisions of the Valley County subdivision ordinance and any policies adopted by the board of county commissioners.
- D. Cattle Guards: Cattle guards shall not be installed in public roads within residential developments.
- E. Access To Highway 55: Access to Highway 55 shall be limited at all locations and may be prohibited where other access is available. An access permit from the Idaho transportation department may be required.

9-5A-4: LANDSCAPING:

- B. Landscaping; Standards Of Design:
 - 6. Criteria For Trees Along Street Frontage: Trees shall be required along all street frontages according to the following criteria:
 - a. A minimum of one tree shall be planted for every twenty five feet (25') of linear street frontage. The trees may be grouped or planted in groves;
 - b. Fifty percent (50%) shall be twenty four inch (24") box size or larger with the balance being minimum fifteen (15) gallon size;
 - c. The trees selected shall be compatible with the overall site and landscape plan as well as adjacent sites.
 - 7. Standard Tree Planting Detail: All trees shall be planted and staked in accordance with the "Standard Tree Planting Detail" diagram in section 9-5-4 of this chapter. Plant sizes to be in accordance with Nurseryman Association standards.
 - 9. Mounding And Berming: All mounding and berming shall have slopes no steeper than three to one (3:1).
 - 10. Ground Cover: A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the landscaped areas is to be planted with vegetative ground cover. Minimum size and spacing to be one gallon size plants at a maximum three feet (3') on center.

9-5A-5: FENCING:

- C. Livestock In Residential Development: If livestock are allowed in a residential development, then fencing shall be installed to keep livestock out of public street rights of way. Cattle guards shall not be installed in public roads within residential developments.
- F. Conditional Use Adjoins Agricultural Uses: Where a conditional use adjoins an agricultural use where animal grazing is known to occur for more than thirty (30) consecutive days per year, the permittee shall cause a fence to be constructed so as to prevent the animals from entering the use area. The permittee shall provide for the maintenance of said fence through covenants, association documents, agreement(s) with the adjoining owner(s), or other form acceptable to the commission prior to approval of the permit so that there is reasonable assurance that the fence will be maintained in functional condition so long as the conflicting uses continue.
- G. Obstruction Of Vision: Sight obscuring fences, hedges, walls, latticework, or screens shall not be constructed in such a manner that vision necessary for safe operation of motor vehicles or bicycles on or entering public roadways is obstructed.

9-5A-6: UTILITIES:

- A. Direct Access Required: All lots or parcels, for or within conditional uses, shall be provided, or shall have direct access to, utility services including telephone, electrical power, water supply, and sewage disposal.
- C. Probability Of Water Supply: Probability of water supply, as referred to in subsection A of this section, can be shown by well logs in the general area or by a determination of a professional engineer, hydrologist, or soil scientist.
- D. Individual Septic Systems: If individual septic systems are proposed to show compliance with sewage disposal requirements in subsection A of this section, sanitary restrictions must be lifted on every lot prior to recordation unless it is designated as a lot where a building permit will never be issued for a residential unit, such as pasture lot, common area, open space, or a no build lot.
- E. Easements Or Rights Of Way: Easements or rights of way shall be set aside or dedicated for the construction and maintenance of utilities in accordance with the provisions of the subdivision ordinance.

F. Utility Plan: A utility plan showing the schedule of construction or installation of proposed utilities shall be a part of the conditional use permit. (Ord. 10-06, 8-23-2010)

9-5B-4: EMISSIONS:

C. Wood Burning Devices: Wood burning devices shall be limited to one per site. Wood burning devices shall be certified for low emissions in accordance with EPA standards.

9-5B-7: FIRE PROTECTION:

Provisions must be made to implement prefire activities that may help improve the survivability of people and homes in areas prone to wildfire. Activities may include vegetation management around the home, use of fire resistant building materials, appropriate subdivision design, removal of fuel, providing a water source, and other measures. Recommendations of the applicable fire district will be considered. (Ord. 10-06, 8-23-2010)

9-5C-2: MINIMUM LOT AREA:

- B. New Subdivisions:
 - 1. Single-Family Residences: New subdivisions for single-family residences shall provide the following minimum lot sizes:
 - a. One acre where individual sewage disposal systems and individual wells are proposed.
- C. Frontage On Public Or Private Road: Frontage on a public or private road shall not be less than thirty feet (30') for each lot or parcel. The lot width at the front building setback line shall not be less than ninety feet (90').

9-5C-6: DENSITY:

- A. The density of any residential development or use requiring a conditional use permit shall not exceed two and one-half (2.5) dwelling units per acre, except for planned unit developments or long-term rentals. Long-term rental density can be determined by the Planning and Zoning Commission in regards to compatibility with surrounding land uses and will require a deed restriction.
- B. Density shall be computed by dividing the total number of dwelling units proposed by the total acreage of land within the boundaries of the development. The area of existing road rights of way on the perimeter of the development and public lands may not be included in the density computation.

10-4-6: EASEMENTS:

- A. Utility Easements: There shall be provided easements for the utilities upon and across the front of lots of a width of a minimum of twelve feet (12') (except for entrance service) or as and where considered necessary by the commission.
- B. Stormwater Easement Or Drainage Right Of Way: Where a subdivision is crossed or bounded by a watercourse, drainageway, channel, irrigation ditch, or stream there shall be provided a stormwater easement or drainage right of way conforming substantially with the lines of such watercourse, and such further width or construction, or both, as will be adequate for the purpose.
- C. Drainage: Provisions for adequate drainage shall be made by the subdivider as prescribed by the county engineer in accordance with the manual containing the drainage standards and specifications as adopted by Valley County.
- D. Existing Easements: All existing easements must be shown on the subdivision plat.

10-5-1: STREET AND UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS:

- A. Installation Required: Public street, utility, conduit for fiber optics, and other off site improvements, as hereinafter listed, shall be installed in each new subdivision at the subdivider's expense or at the expense of the party agreeing to install the same, in accordance with the minimum standards set forth below prior to the acceptance of any final plat for recordation, except as provided in subsections C and D of this section. A right of way permit will be required (see section 5-7-2 of this code).
- B. Acceptance By County: The county shall not accept the dedication of any public rights of way and any easements shown on the plat, together with appurtenant facilities lying therein which the county would have a duty to maintain after dedication, which are not improved, or construction thereof guaranteed in accordance with the provisions of this title or with the policies, standards, designs and specifications set forth in the road and street specifications adopted by Valley County. The Valley County Board of Commissioners have the sole discretion to set the level of service for any public road; the level of service can be changed. All plats shall contain in their notes this statement: "The

Valley County Board of Commissioners have the sole discretion to set the level of service for any public road; the level of service can be changed."

Dedication of public rights-of-way does not guarantee that the public road will be maintained by Valley County. Public rights of way are allowed with roads that are maintained by homeowners. Public rights of way shall be provided through properties to adjacent lands for the purpose of circulation, when reasonable.

- D. Declaration Of Installation Of Utilities: A declaration of installation of utilities shall also be recorded. The declaration shall describe the utilities that will be placed by the subdivider, verify when the utilities will be installed and state that Valley County will have no responsibility for the installation or maintenance of utilities. If all utilities are not installed prior to recordation of the plat, a note shall be placed on the face of the plat that states: "Utilities have not been installed at the time of recordation of this plat".
- E. Connection To Public Road Required: The county shall not accept any new subdivision unless the streets within the subdivision, whether public or private, are connected directly to an existing public road. In the event the subdivision is not connected to a public road with an approved minimum standard as determined by the Valley County Road Director, then the subdivider shall construct, or guarantee the construction as provided by this title, a connector road to county standards, either private roads or public roads, which shall provide access to the subdivision. All subdivisions shall be required to be accessed by a road system that meets the minimum standard as determined by the Valley County Road Director. When access has historically been provided through the subdivision to other ownerships, the subdivider shall provide for continuation of the public right of way.

SUMMARY:

Compatibility Rating: Staff's compatibility rating is a +19.

The Planning and Zoning Commission should do their own compatibility rating prior to the meeting (form with directions attached).

STAFF COMMENTS / QUESTIONS:

- 1. This site is within the Donnelly Fire District, is not within an irrigation district nor a herd district.
- 2. Any wetlands shall be designated on the final plat. There is a minimum 30-ft setback from high water line.
- Frontage on a public or private road shall not be less than thirty feet (30') for each lot or parcel. The lot width at the front building setback line shall not be less than ninety feet (90').
- 4. A shared driveway maintenance agreement must be recorded.
- 5. Do you anticipate sanitary restrictions being released on each lot prior to recordation?
- The following is a portion of the land use code. The P&Z Commission will need to find that due to the location of the subdivision, portions of the following do not apply. Should discuss reasoning.

"9-5A-6: UTILITIES:

A. Direct Access Required: All lots or parcels, for or within conditional uses, shall be provided, or shall have direct access to, utility services including telephone, electrical power, water supply, and sewage disposal.

ATTACHMENTS:

- Conditions of Approval
- Blank Compatibility Evaluation and Instructions
- Compatibility Evaluation by Staff
- Vicinity Map
- Aerial Map
- Wetlands Map
- Arial Map Showing Land Managed by State of Idaho and U.S. Forest Service
- Assessor Plats T.17N R.4E Sections 20 and 29
- Record of Surveys 14-052 and 14-053
- Preliminary Plat Drawing
- Pictures July 1, 2022
- Responses

Conditions of Approval

- 1. The application, the staff report, and the provisions of the Land Use and Development Ordinance are all made a part of this permit as if written in full herein.
- 2. Any change in the nature or scope of land use activities shall require an additional Conditional Use Permit.
- 3. The final plat shall be recorded within two years, or this permit will be null and void.
- 4. The issuance of this permit and these conditions will not relieve the applicant from complying with applicable County, State, or Federal laws or regulations or be construed as permission to operate in violation of any statute or regulations. Violation of these laws, regulations or rules may be grounds for revocation of the Conditional Use Permit or grounds for suspension of the Conditional Use Permit.
- 5. A Declaration of Installation of Utilities shall be recorded and noted on the face of the plat.
- 6. A letter of approval is required from Donnelly Fire District prior to recording the final plat.
- 7. A shared-driveway maintenance agreement is required prior to recordation and must be noted on the face of the plat.
- 8. All easements shall be shown on the final plat, including the shared driveway.
- 9. Any wetlands shall be marked as "no-build areas" on final plat or a note that states "no building within 50' of a creek.
- 10. CCR's should address lighting, wildfire prevention, noxious weeds, septic maintenance, hydrant maintenance, fire wise wildland urban interface landscaping requirements, wetlands, and limit each lot to one wood burning device
- 11. Shall place address numbers at the residences and at the driveway entrance.
- 12. Must have a fencing plan with neighboring properties if they run livestock for over 30 days per year.

- 13. Prior to construction of any on-site improvements, the applicant shall meet with the Valley County Road Director and/or Board of County Commissioners to discuss off-site road improvements. If an agreement cannot be reached the application shall be set for another public hearing with the Valley County Planning and Zoning Commission to determine if the application can be approved without improvements and still meet their mandates concerning public health, safety, and welfare matters. The discussion will be concerning current road conditions and potential mitigation for impacts caused by the development.
- 14. The following notes shall be placed in the notes on the face of the final plat:
 - "The Valley County Board of Commissioners have the sole discretion to set the level of service for any public road; the level of service can be changed."
 - "All lighting must comply with the Valley County Lighting Ordinance."
 - "Only one burning device is allowed on each lot."
- 15. A wildland urban interface prevention plan is required, and applicant shall provide for implementation of such through financial guarantees or CCR's.
- 16. Solar panels are approved as part of this conditional use permit, but they are limited to a 30' height limitation and must obtain a building permit. Solar panels should not be placed in view of other property owners or along public roads, unless on the roof of the primary structure.

END OF STAFF REPORT

9-11-1: APPENDIX A, COMPATIBILITY EVALUATION:

A. General: One of the primary functions of traditional zoning is to classify land uses so that those which are not fully compatible or congruous can be geographically separated from each other. The county has opted to substitute traditional zoning with a multiple use concept in which there is no separation of land uses. Proposed incompatible uses may adversely affect existing uses, people, or lands in numerous ways; noise, odors, creation of hazards, view, water contamination, loss of needed or desired resources, property values, or infininge on a desired lifestyle. To ensure that the country can continue to grow and develop without causing such land use problems and conflicts, a mechanism designed to identify and discourage land use proposals which will be incompatible at particular locations has been devised. The compatibility evaluation of all conditional uses also provides for evaluations in a manner which is both systematic and consistent.

B. Purpose; Use:

- 1. The compatibility rating is to be used as a tool to assist in the determination of compatibility. The compatibility rating is not the sole deciding factor in the approval or denial of any application.
- Staff prepares a preliminary compatibility rating for conditional use permits, except for conditional use permits for PUDs. The commission reviews the compatibility rating and may change any value.
- C. General Evaluation: Completing the compatibility questions and evaluation (form):
 - 1. All evaluations shall be made as objectively as possible by assignment of points for each of a series of questions. Points shall be assigned as follows:
 - Plus 2 assigned for full compatibility (adjacency encouraged).
 - Plus 1 assigned for partial compatibility (adjacency not necessarily encouraged).
 - 0 assigned if not applicable or neutral.
 - Minus 1 assigned for minimal compatibility (adjacency not discouraged).
 - Minus 2 assigned for no compatibility (adjacency not acceptable).
 - 2. Each response value shall be multiplied by some number, which indicates how important that particular response is relative to all the others. Multipliers shall be any of the following:
 - x4 indicates major relative importance.
 - x3 indicates above average relative importance.
 - x2 Indicates below average relative importance.
 - x1 Indicates minor relative importance.
- D. Matrix Questions 1 Through 3: The following matrix shall be utilized, wherever practical, to determine response values for questions one through three
 (3). Uses classified and listed in the left hand column and across the top of the matrix represent possible proposed, adjacent, or vicinity land uses. Each box indicates the extent of compatibility between any two (2) Intersecting uses. These numbers should not be changed from proposal to proposal, except where distinctive uses arise which may present unique compatibility considerations. The commission shall determine whether or not there is a unique consideration.

E. Terms:

DOMINANT ADJACENT LAND USE: Any use which is within three hundred feet (300') of the use boundary being proposed; and

- 1. Comprises at least one-half $\binom{1}{2}$ of the adjacent uses and one-fourth $\binom{1}{4}$ of the total adjacent area; or
- 2. Where two (2) or more uses compete equally in number and are more frequent than all the other uses, the one with the greatest amount of acreage is the dominant land use; or
- in all other situations, no dominant land use exists. When this occurs, the response value shall be zero.

LOCAL VICINITY: Land uses within a one to three (3) mile radius. The various uses therein should be identified and averaged to determine the overall use of the land.

F. Questions 4 Through 9:

- In determining the response values for questions 4 through 9, the evaluators shall consider the information contained in the application, the goals and
 objectives of the comprehensive plan, the provisions of this title and related ordinances, information gained from an actual inspection of the site, and
 information gathered by the staff.
- 2. The evaluator or commission shall also consider proposed mitigation of the determined impacts. Adequacy of the mitigation will be a factor.

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Compatibility Questions and Evaluation

Matrix Line # / Use:	Prepared by:
Respon YES/NO X Value	
(+2/-2) X 4	1. Is the proposed use compatible with the dominant adjacent land use?
(+2/-2) X 2	Is the proposed use compatible with the other adjacent land uses (total and average)?
(+2/-2) X 1	3. Is the proposed use generally compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity?
(+2/-2) X 3	Site Specific Evaluation (Impacts and Proposed Mitigation) 4. Is the property large enough, does the existence of wooded area, or does the lay of the land help to minimize any potential impacts the proposed use may have on adjacent uses?
(+2/-2) X 1	5. Is the size or scale of proposed <u>lots and/or</u> structures similar to adjacent ones?
(+2/-2) X 2	6. Is the traffic volume and character to be generated by the proposed use simila to the uses on properties that will be affected by proximity to parking lots, on- site roads, or access roads?
(+2/-2) X 2	7. Is the potential impact on adjacent properties due to the consuming or emission of any resource or substance compatible with that of existing uses?
(+2/-2) X 2	8. Is the proposed use compatible with the abilities of public agencies to provide service or of public facilities to accommodate the proposed use demands on utilities, fire and police protection, schools, roads, traffic control, parks, and open areas?
(+2/-2) X 2	9. Is the proposed use cost effective when comparing the cost for providing public services and improving public facilities to the increases in public revenue from the improved property?
Sub-Total (+)	
Sub-Total ()	
Total Score	

The resulting values for each questions shall be totaled so that each land use and development proposal receives a single final score.

Compatibility Questions and Evaluation

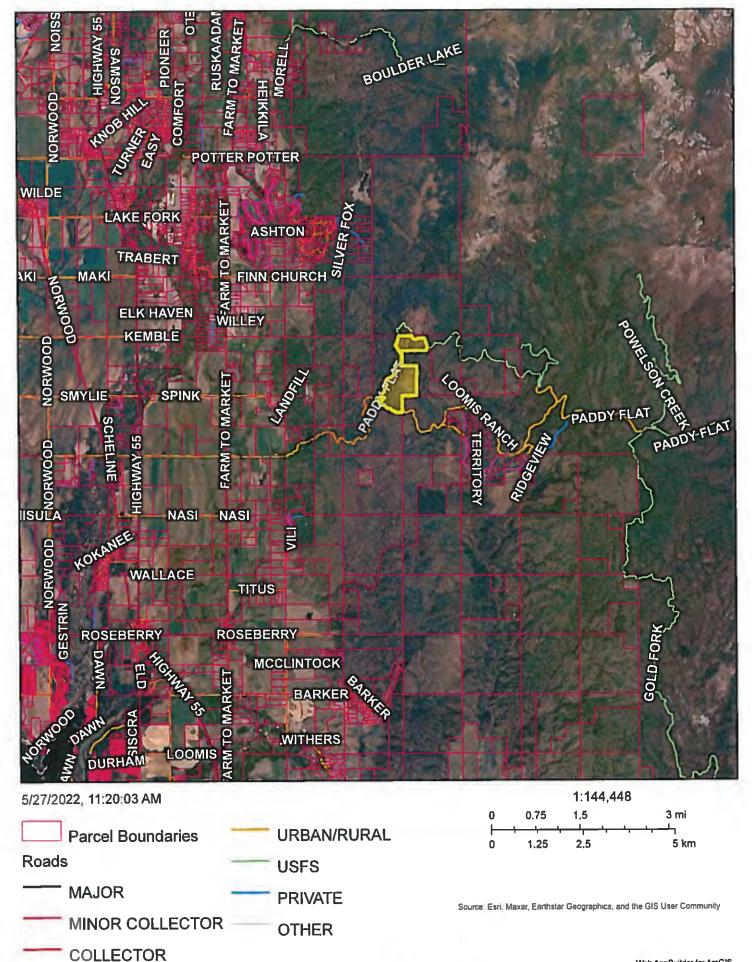
Matrix Line # / Use: #3	Prepared by:
YES/NO X Value	Use Matrix Values:
(+2/-2) -/ x 4 -4	1. Is the proposed use compatible with the dominant adjacent land use? Forest - fam cultural
(+2/-2) +2 X 2 +4	2. Is the proposed use compatible with the other adjacent land uses (total and average)? **Residential**
(+2/-2) <u>-/</u> X 1 <u>-/</u>	3. Is the proposed use generally compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity?
(+2/-2) +2 × 3 +6	Site Specific Evaluation (Impacts and Proposed Mitigation) 4. Is the property large enough, does the existence of wooded area, or does the lay of the land help to minimize any potential impacts the proposed use may have on adjacent uses? The property is very large and
(+2/-2) <u>+2</u> × 1 <u>+2</u>	has many trees. Will be no impact 5. Is the size or scale of proposed lots and/or structures similar to adjacent ones? Yes - Currently residential etenture.
(+2/-2) <u>+/</u> x 2 <u>+</u> 2	6. Is the traffic volume and character to be generated by the proposed use similar to the uses on properties that will be affected by proximity to parking lots, onsite roads, or access roads? Most traffic is recreations
(+2/-2) +2 × 2 +4	7. Is the potential impact on adjacent properties due to the consuming or emission of any resource or substance compatible with that of existing uses?
(+2/-2) <u>+/</u> X 2 <u>+2</u>	8. Is the proposed use compatible with the abilities of public agencies to provide service or of public facilities to accommodate the proposed use demands on utilities, fire and police protection, schools, roads, traffic control, parks, and open areas? Remand may be an firm, police, reads.
(+2/-2) +2 x 2 +4	9. Is the proposed use cost effective when comparing the cost for providing public services and improving public facilities to the increases in public revenue from the improved property? Will That alvences
Sub-Total (+) 24	WIII I POU PECCAMES
Sub-Total () 5	

The resulting values for each questions shall be totaled so that each land use and development proposal receives a single final score.

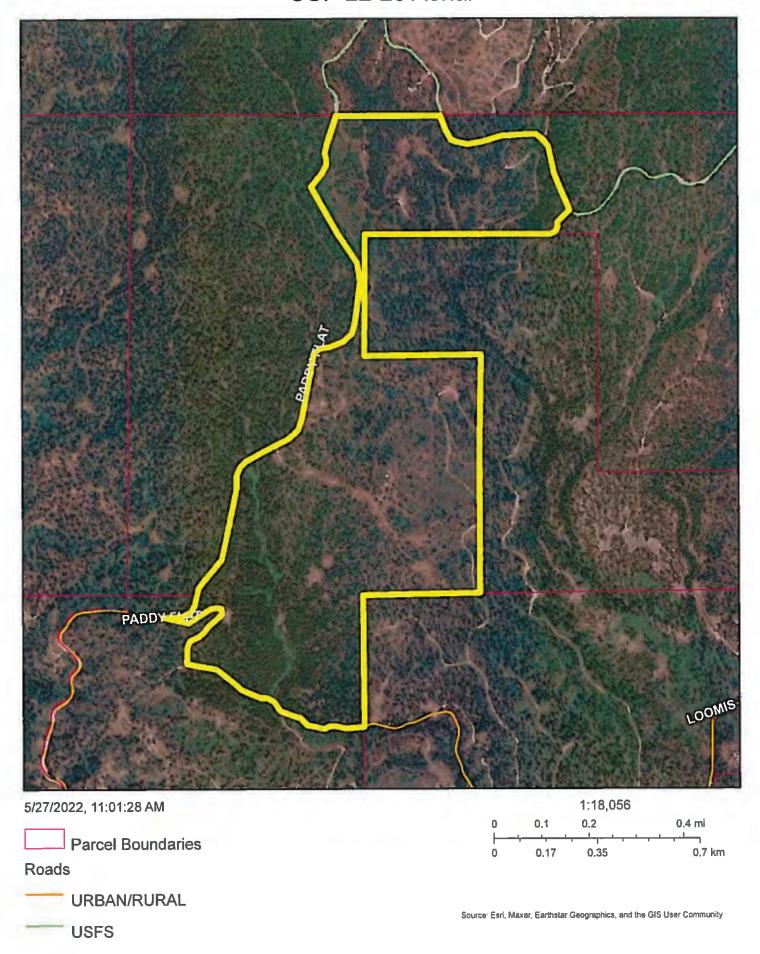
+19

Total Score

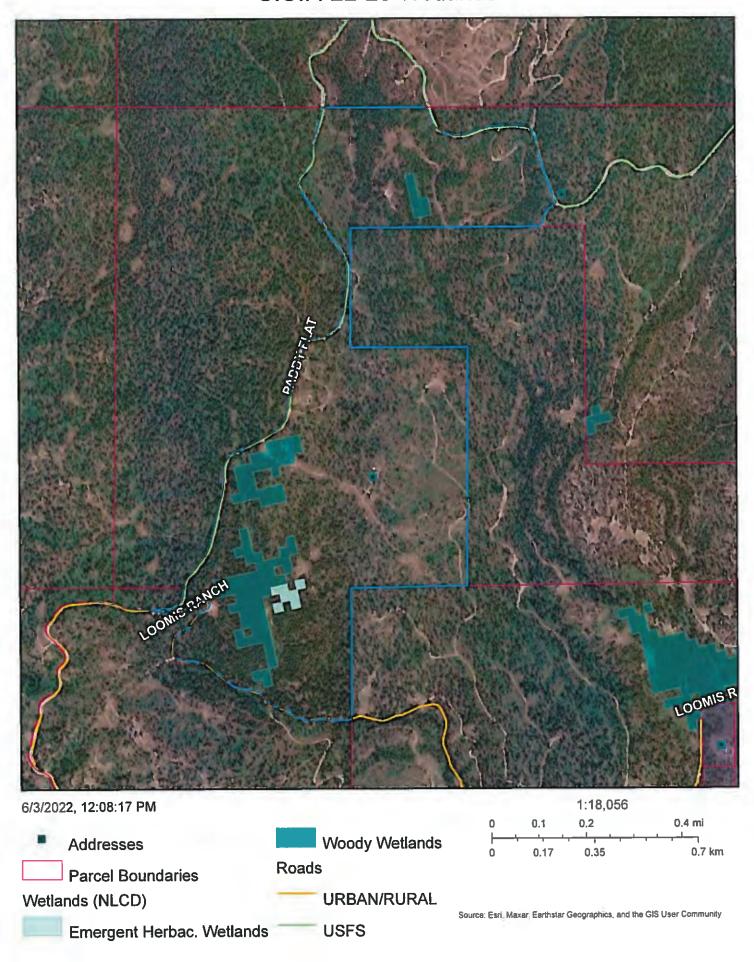
CUP 22-25 Vicinity Map



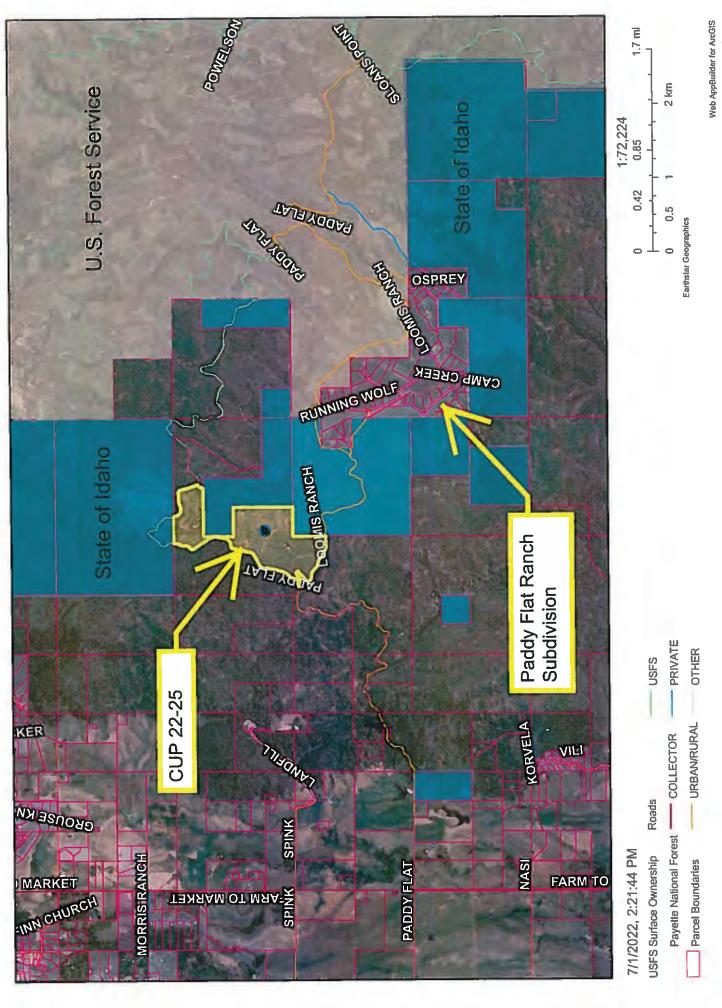
CUP 22-25 Aerial



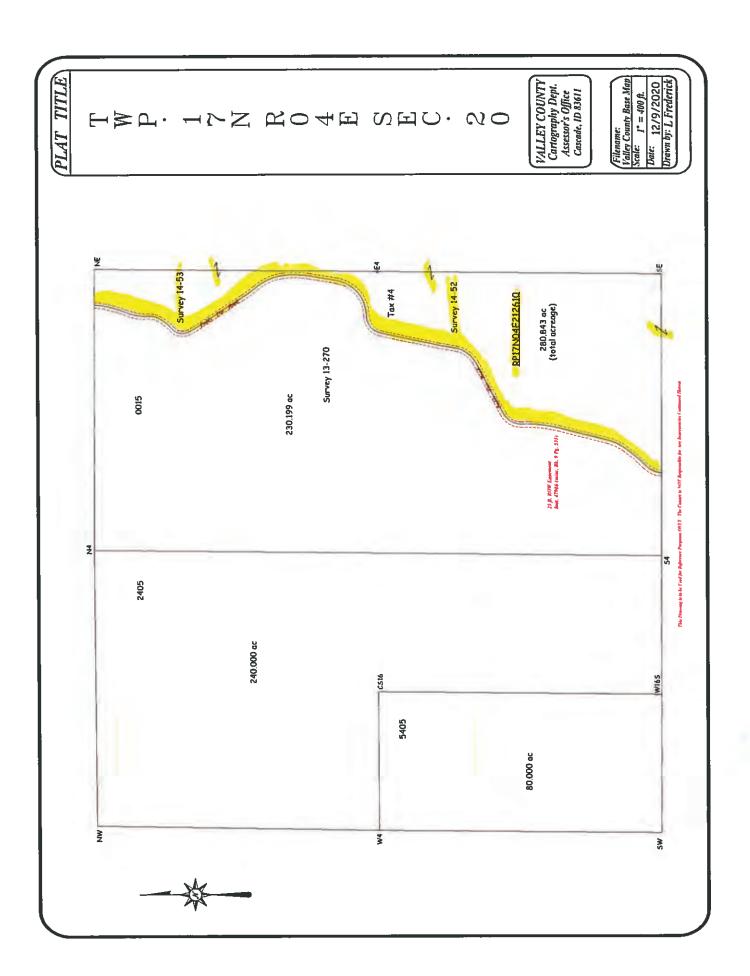
C.U.P. 22-25 Wetlands

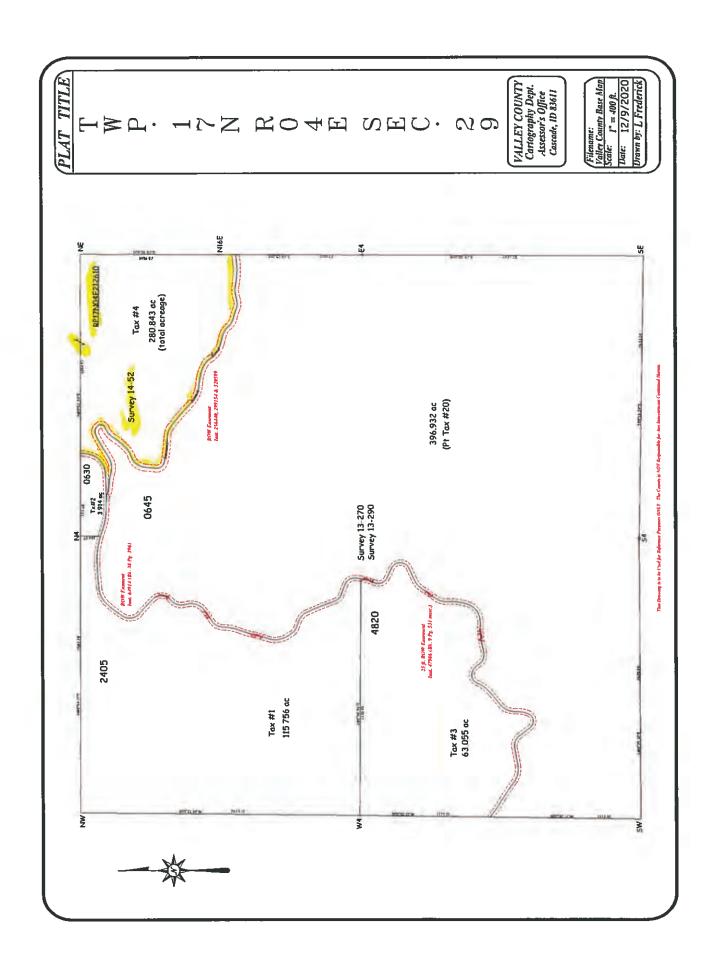


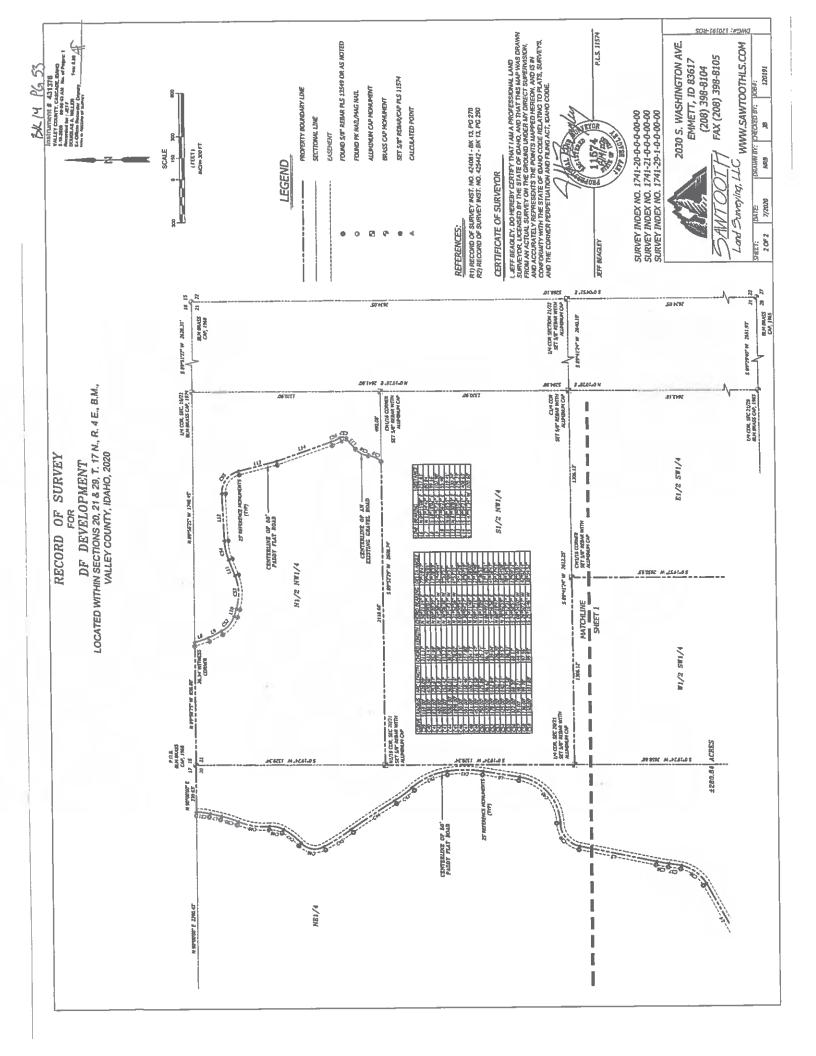
CUP 22-25 - State of Idaho, USFS, & Private Ownership

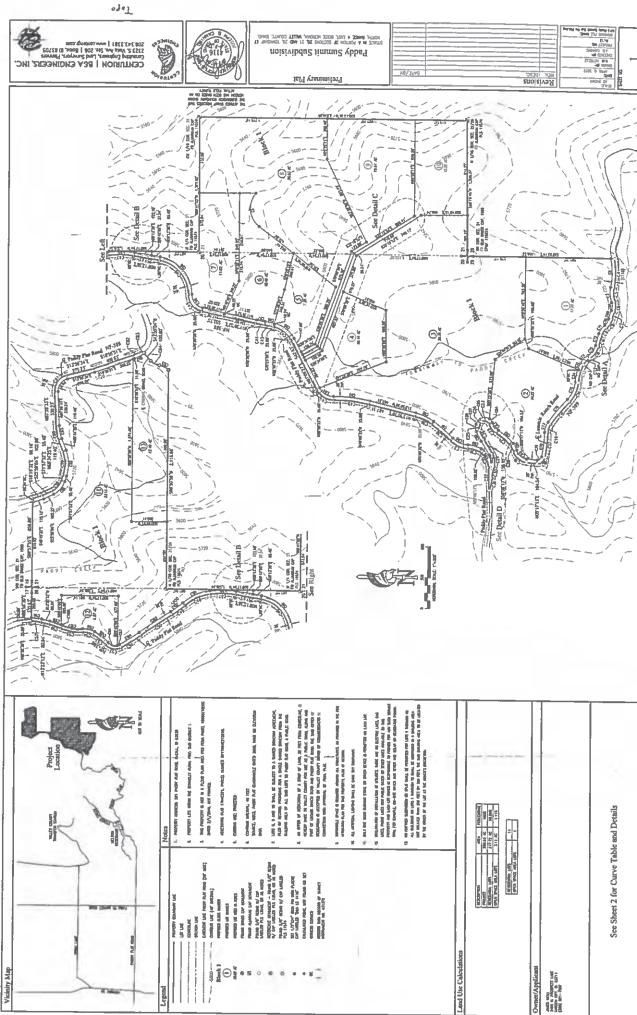


Eartstar Geographics | Valley County IT | Compiled by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), National Operations Center (NOC), OC-530. | United States Forest Service Natural Resource Manager (NRM) Infra application | The USDA Forest Service makes no



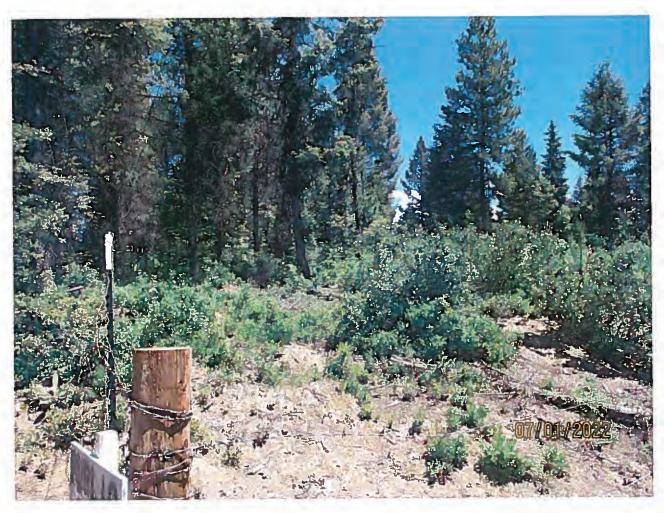














	CENTRAL DISTRICT HEALTH	Valley Division of Cor	/ County Transr	nitial mental Health	Return to: Cascade
Re	zone #				Donnelly
	nditional Use #	CUP	22-25		☐ McCall ☐ McCall Impac
	liminary / Final / Sho	rt Plat Pad	dy Summit	Sub	Valley Count
			•		
	We have No Objections to the	air Branacal			
	We recommend Denial of th				
	Specific knowledge as to the We will require more data or	sevect type of use Mu	st de blovided petole Me	can comment on this P	roposal.
A s					
	Before we can comment cor of: Fringh seasonal bedrock from	ground water	age disposal, we will requ waste flow characte other	eristice	
☐ 6 ₁	This office may require a stu waters.				
7.	This project shall be reviewe availability.	d by the Idaho Departi	ment of Water Resources	concerning well consti	ruction and water
□ 8.	After written approvals from	appropriate entities a	re submitted, we can app	rove this proposal for:	
	☐ central sewag ☐ interim sewag ☐ individual sew	e 🔲 com	munity sewage system ral water vidual water	Communit	/ Water well
T 9.	The following plan(s) must b	e submitted to and en	provided by the talet on		*
	central sawag	e ∐; com	proved by the loano Depa munity sewage system ral water	ertment of Environment Community	
<u> </u>	Run-off is not to create a moso	quito breeding problem			
□ n.	This Department would recorconsiderations indicate appro	nmend deferral until h	igh seasonal ground wate	er can be determined i	r other
12.	li restroom facilities are to be Regulations.		ge system MUST be insta	lled to meet Idaho Sta	ta Sewaga
☐ 13.	We will require plans be subn		v for any:		
	☐ food establish ☐ beverage esta	A 44 A	wimming pools or spas grocery store	. Child care	center
14	Application 7	sst holes 4	Buginepring	regutred.	
				Reviewed By:	II M
				D-1	6/17/27
					/ / -



Donnelly Rural Fire Protection District

P.O. Box 1178 Donnelly, Idaho 83615

June 23, 2022

Valley County Planning & Zoning Commission P.O. Box 1350 Cascade, Idaho 83611

RE: C.U.P. 22-25 Paddy Summit subdivision - Preliminary Plat

After review the Donnelly Rural Fire Protection District (DRFPD) will require the following.

- All roads shall be built to Valley County Road Department standards or Section 503.2 IFC 2018
- Section D103.4 IFC 2018 Dead-end fire apparatus access roads in excess of 150 feet shall be provided with width and turn around provisions in accordance with table D103.4
- All roads shall be inspected and approved by the DRFPD prior to final plat
- Slash, dead timber, ladder fuels and debris shall be removed improved areas
- Developer shall submit a wildfire mitigation plan
- Section 507.1 IFC 2018 An approved water supply capable of supplying the required fire flow for fire protection shall be provided to the premises upon which facilities, buildings or portions of buildings are hereafter constructed or moved into or within the jurisdiction
- The approved fire protection water supply will be a 10,000 gallon underground water storage tank, water tank shall be connected to a well and have automatic fill capability. Fire Department connections shall be a minimum of 4 inch diameter pipe and have a 5 inch Storz connector
- Water tank shall be installed in an approved location. Tank design and specifications shall be submitted for review prior to installation
- Section 503.7 IFC 2018 Driveways shall be provided when any portion of an exterior wall of the first story of a building is located more than 150 feet from a fire apparatus access road. Driveways shall provide a minimum unobstructed width of 12 feet and a minimum unobstructed height of 13 feet 6 inches. Driveways in excess of 150 feet in length shall be provided with turnarounds. Driveways in excess of 200 feet in length and 20 feet in width may require turnouts in addition to turnarounds.
- Section 503.7.5 IFC 2018 all buildings shall have a permanently posted address, that shall be placed at each driveway entrance and be visible from both directions

- of travel along the road. In all cases, the address shall be posted at the beginning of construction and maintained thereafter.
- Section 503.7.8 IFC 2018 Driveways shall be designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of local responding fire apparatus and shall be surfaced as to provide all weather driving capabilities
- In accordance with Section 503.7.6 IFC 2018 the gradient for driveways cannot exceed 10 percent unless approved by the fire code official
- Shared driveways shall be inspected and approved by Donnelly Rural Fire Protection District personnel prior to certificate of occupancy being issued

Please call with any questions.

Jess Ellis

Fire Marshal

Donnelly Fire Department



Valley County Road & Bridge

PO Box 672* Cascade, Idaho 83611

Jeff McFadden Superintendent



C.U.P. 22-25

July 5, 2022

The Valley. County Road Dept. was asked to review this CUP and provide comments related to the anticipated impact to the local roads that will be utilized for accessing the proposed subdivision. CUP 22-25 is a preliminary plat submitted by James Neill and Three Fifty-Nine LLC seeking approval of a 13 lot single-family subdivision on 280 acres.

County maintained roads that will see increased traffic by the addition of the proposed development if the plat is approved include Farm to Market Road and Paddy Flat Road. It is expected that transportation services including all season road maintenance, road resurfacing, road rebuilds provided by Valley County Road Dept. will be impacted by the increased traffic. Valley County does not provide snow removal past the last house on the north side of the road, approximately 1 mile from Farm to Market Road. The developer or new owners shall enter into a snow removal road agreement with the county if private snow removal is to be considered.

- Recommendation (1): Dedication of 35' right-of-way to the public for property owned by the developer immediately adjacent to Paddy Flat Road. Prior to final plat, the developer agrees to provide an appraisal for the value of the ROW along with a legal description and warranty deed to be recorded with the Valley County clerk.
- Recommendation (2): Mitigate impacts to transportation services on those roads
 identified above by negotiating with developer payment of road improvement costs
 attributable to traffic generated by proposed development. The value of the developers
 proportionate share may be determined by several methods: (1) reference 2007 Capital
 Improvement Program cost comparisons for the Paddy Flat to Lake Fork CIP with a
 predetermined cost per lot contribution by developer; (2) engage a qualified engineering
 firm to conduct a traffic study based on proposed development to provide
 recommendation for proportionate share to be attributed to the developer; (3) negotiate
 in-kind construction credits for immediate road improvements needs that can be
 mitigated by developer.

Any or all of the above recommendations that are agreeable to the developer should be memorialized in a future voluntary road agreement negotiated between the Valley County Board of County Commissioners, Valley County Road Dept. and developer identifying the value of road improvement costs contributed.

Valley County Road Superintendent

Marian

Jeff McFadden