Valley County Planning and Zoning

PO Box 1350 • 219 North Main Street Cascade, ID 83611-1350



Phone: 208-382-7115 Fax: 208-382-7119 Email: cherrick@co.vallev.id.us

STAFF REPORT: C.U.P. 23-24 FedEx Hub

HEARING DATE: July 13, 2023

TO: Planning and Zoning Commission

STAFF: Cynda Herrick, AICP, CFM

Planning and Zoning Director

APPLICANT: FedEx Ground Package Systems INC

c/o Jessica Ruperto

1000 FedEx DR, Moon Township, PA 15205

PROPERTY OWNER: C & R Investments & Ruklic Living Trust

c/o Allen Congleton

PO Box 2386, McCall, ID 83638

REPRESENTATIVE: Steve Millemann, Millemann Pemberton & Holm LLP

P. O. Box 1066, McCall, ID 83638

LOCATION: 13873 Highway 55

The site is the north portion of parcel RP17N03E035820 located in the SW ¼ Section 3, T.17N, R.3E, Boise Meridian, Valley County.

Idaho.

SIZE: A portion of a 5-acre parcel

REQUEST: Area Business

EXISTING LAND USE: Existing Building - Previous Conditional Use Permits

FedEx Ground Package Systems INC is requesting approval of a conditional use permit for a package handling operation in an existing 2520-sqft commercial building. The building was constructed in 2003. FedEx currently employes 10-20 people at the site, with a slight increase for the holiday season. Customers can drop off and pick up packages at the building.

This location is within the Lake Fork Village as identified in the Valley County Comprehensive Plan which states, "commercial and industrial uses may be allowed within villages in locations found to be compatible with nearby uses and with the existing village character".

A variance from the 100-ft setback from Highway 55 is requested to allow parking of a trailer 80-ft from the property line and two existing vehicle parking spaces.

The existing individual well and septic system would be used.

Access would be from an existing shared driveway from Highway 55.

Additional landscaping would be added. See attached landscaping plan.

Staff Report C.U.P. 23-24 Page 1 of 9 The site is addressed at 13873 Highway 55.

Conditional use permits have previously been granted for the two buildings on this parcel:

- C.U.P. 92-8 Ron's Tire and Auto
- C.U.P. 97-2 Auto Repair
- C.U.P. 98-13 Inland Marine Construction
- C.U.P. 99-4 Lakefork Fence
- C.U.P. 00-10 Vehicle Sales and Bakery
- C.U.P. 03-23 Lake Fork Autobody
- . C.U.P. 06-28 Precision Granite
- C.U.P. 09-11 Arrow Construction Supply
- C.U.P. 12-06 Restoration Pro
- C.U.P. 12-08 BMC McCall Transfer Site
- C.U.P. 23-14 Big Boy Toys

FINDINGS:

- The application was submitted on April 24, 2023.
- Legal notice was posted in the Star News on May 25, 2023, and June 1, 2023. Potentially
 affected agencies were notified on May 9, 2023. Property owners within 300 feet of the
 property line were notified by fact sheet sent on May 10, 2023. The notice and application
 were posted online at www.co.valley.id.us on May 9, 2023.
- On May 23, 2023, the applicant requested to postpone the public hearing to July 13, 2023.
 The site was posted on May 25, 2023, with this rescheduled date. Legal notice was posted in the Star News on June 22, 2023, and June 29, 2023
- 4. Agency comment received:

Mike Reno, Central District Health, stated there is no record of a septic system serving 13873 Highway 55. There is a septic system serving 13871 Highway sized at 250 gpd, approved in 1993. Applicant will need to submit an accessory use application and provide information on the proposed sewage disposal. (May 9, 2023)

Garrett de Jong, McCall Fire Chief, replied with requirements for fire extinguishers for the building. (June 7, 2023)

- 5. Neighbor comment received: none
- 6. Physical characteristics of the site: Flat site with existing building.
- 7. The surrounding land use and zoning includes:

North: Approved C.U.P. 23-01 Sands 55 Subdivision with commercial use, light- industrial use, and apartments

South: Single-family Residential Parcels and C.U.P. 07-18 Idaho Power Operations Center

East: Approved Commercial Uses (C.U.P. 04-41 Malco, C.U.P. 08-02 NDI Contracting, C.U.P. 17-14 Kesler Office & Shop, C.U.P. 17-16 Redline Recreational Toys, and Grandfathered Use - Coastline

West: Agricultural (Irrigated Crop Land) with a Homesite.

- 8. Valley County Code (Title 9): In Table 9-3-1, this proposal is categorized under:
 - 5. Commercial Uses (d) Area business

TABLE 5-A STANDARDS FOR CONDITIONAL USES

	Buil	ding Se	tbacks (fe	eet)	Minimum Lot Area	Max. % Lot Cover	Minimum Street Frontage	-3.	Minimum Parking Spaces
Use Description	Front	Front Side	Side Street	Rear				Max. Building Height	
Commercial Use Area Business	30	10	30	30	12.4.71	40	75	35	1 + 1/250 saft

9-5-3: STANDARDS:

B. Setbacks:

- 1. Structures Exceeding Three Feet In Height: The setbacks for all structures exceeding three feet (3') in height are specified herein under the site and development standards for the specific use.
- 2. Highway 55: All structures shall be set back one hundred feet (100') from the right of way line of Highway 55 unless a more restrictive setback is required within other sections of this title.
- Front Yards: Front yards shall be determined by the structure establishing the principal use on the
 property and the location of the access street or road.
- Measurement: All building setbacks shall be measured horizontally, on a perpendicular to the property line, to the nearest corner or face of the building including eaves, projections, or overhangs

9-5A-1: GRADING:

- A. Permit Required: Grading to prepare a site for a conditional use or grading, vegetation removal, construction or other activity that has any impact on the subject land or on adjoining properties is a conditional use. A conditional use permit is required prior to the start of such an activity.
- C. Flood Prone Areas: Grading within flood prone areas is regulated by provisions of section 9-6-2 of this title and title 11 of this code. A permit, if required, shall be a part of the conditional use permit.
- D. Wetlands: Grading or disturbance of wetlands is subject to approval of the U.S. corps of engineers under the federal clean water act. The federal permit, if required, shall be part of the conditional use permit.

E. Site Grading Plan:

- 1. The conditional use permit application shall include a site grading plan, or preliminary site grading plan for subdivisions, clearly showing the existing site topography and the proposed final grades with elevations or contour lines and specifications for materials and their placement as necessary to complete the work. The plan shall demonstrate compliance with best management practices for surface water management for permanent management and the methods that will be used during construction to control or prevent the erosion, mass movement, siltation, sedimentation, and blowing of dirt and debris caused by grading, excavation, open cuts, side slopes, and other site preparation and development. The plan shall be subject to review of the county engineer and the soil conservation district. The information received from the county engineer, the soil conservation district, and other agencies regarding the site grading plan shall be considered by the planning and zoning commission and/or the board of county commissioners in preparing the conditions of approval or reasons for denial of the applications.
- F. Land Surfaces Not Used For Roads, Buildings And Parking: All land surfaces not used for roads, buildings and parking shall be covered either by natural vegetation, other natural and undisturbed open space, or landscaping.
- G. Stormwater Management Plan: Prior to issuance of building permits, the administrator must receive a certification from the developer's engineer verifying that the stormwater management plan has been implemented according to approved plans.

9-5A-2: ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS:

B. Access Roads Or Driveways: Residential developments, civic or community service uses, and commercial uses shall have at least two (2) access roads or driveways to a public street wherever practicable. E. Access To Highway 55: Access to Highway 55 shall be limited at all locations and may be prohibited where other access is available. An access permit from the Idaho transportation department may be required.

9-5A-3: PARKING AND OFF STREET LOADING FACILITIES:

- A. Site Plan: The site plan for a conditional use permit shall include a detailed scale drawing showing the parking area plan including driveways, parking spaces, setbacks, landscaping, buildings, vehicle maneuver areas including firetrucks and refuse collection trucks, snow storage, and drainage.
- B. Accessory Parking And Loading Facilities Required: Accessory parking and loading facilities shall be provided as required herein for every building and structure erected, and every land use established after the effective date hereof; unless the commission or the board determines that the proposed parking is adequate.
- C. Required Spaces: The minimum number of spaces required is specified herein under the site and development standards for the specific use.
- D. Parking Space, Maneuvering Area And Aisle Dimensions: All parking spaces and on site vehicular circulation areas shall comply with the following minimum sizes1:
 - 1. Parking Area Dimensions:
 - a. Minimum size parking spaces shall measure eight feet six inches by eighteen feet (8'6" x 18').
 - All parallel parking spaces shall measure a minimum of eight feet six inches by twenty two feet (8'6" x 22').
 - Recreational vehicle parking spaces shall measure a minimum of ten feet by twenty four feet (10' x 24').
 - End Parking Space Maneuvering: A three foot (3') wide maneuvering area shall be provided for end parking spaces in single access parking areas as shown below.
 - Vehicle Overhang:
 - Recreational Vehicles And Parking Spaces: Recreational vehicles and parking spaces are not allowed to overhang sidewalks, curbs or landscape areas.
 - b. Standard Size Parking Spaces:
 - (1) Landscaped Areas: Standard size parking spaces are allowed to overhang landscaped areas and curbs but this overhang shall not encroach into any required setback and this area shall not be considered in meeting any required percentage of lot to be landscaped.
 - (2) Sidewalks: Standard size parking spaces are allowed to overhang sidewalks only where the sidewalk is a minimum of six feet (6') in width.
 - c. Access To And From Streets: Parking areas must have safe, convenient, and unobstructed access to and from streets by means of a driveway not less than ten feet (10') wide nor more than forty feet (40') wide that extends onto the private property at least twenty feet (20') beyond the property line. Driveways to loading facilities will enable vehicles to leave and enter streets in a forward direction.
 - d. Driveways: All driveways shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the county approach policies.
 - Surface: Parking areas and driveways shall be surfaced with asphalt, concrete, compacted gravel, and crushed rock, or other dust free, durable material.
 - f. Surface Water Drainage: Drainage of surface water shall be provided that will be adequate to drain the surface of the parking area while preventing flows of water onto adjacent properties. Surface waters shall be managed in accordance with best management practices to protect or improve water quality.
 - g. Screening: Parking areas containing more than ten (10) spaces shall be effectively screened on all sides adjoining residential uses by a wall, fence, or plantings not less than four feet (4') in height.
 - h. Prohibited In Setback Zone: No part of a parking area shall be located within a required setback zone such as a side, front, or rear yard.
 - i. Off Street Loading Facilities: Off street loading facilities shall be provided separately from parking spaces for commercial, industrial, and institutional uses. The facilities shall be adequate to provide loading and unloading without obstruction to the street or parking areas.

- j. Maintenance: Parking areas and off street loading facilities shall be maintained in good order, clear of debris, and shall not be used for any other use that interferes with or limits the intended use.
- k. Lighting: Only indirect lighting may be used to illuminate a parking area. See other lighting regulations in section 9-5B-2 of this chapter.

9-5A-4: LANDSCAPING:

- A. Purpose And General Regulations
 - 3. General Regulations
 - f. Use Of Landscaped Areas: Landscaped areas shall not be used for parking of vehicles, display of merchandise or other uses detrimental to the landscaping.
 - 4. Maintenance:
 - a. Responsibility For Maintenance: The landscape areas on site, as well as in the right of way, shall be maintained by the owner or owner's association (should the property be subdivided) or the lessee of the site. Any areas designated and intended for the purposes of on site water retention shall be maintained and reserved for that specific purpose. Any alteration or deterioration of those areas shall be considered a violation of this title and any applicable ordinance.
 - Replacement Of Plant Material: Any plant material that does not survive shall be replaced within thirty (30) days of its demise.
 - c. Removal Or Destruction Of Landscape Material: The removal or destruction of landscape material previously approved by the county shall constitute a violation of this title. Replacement of landscape material shall be of like size as that which was removed or destroyed.
 - d. Maintained In Accordance With Site And/Or Landscape Plan: Landscaping, irrigation systems, walls, screening devices, curbing and lighting shall be reasonably maintained in accordance with the approved site and/or landscape plan. Plant material shall not be severely pruned such that the natural growth pattern or characteristic forms are significantly altered.
 - Modification And/Or Removal Of Existing Landscaping: Modifications and/or removal of existing landscaping shall require prior approval.
 - f. Lack Of Maintenance: The lack of maintenance shall constitute a violation of this title.
- B. Landscaping; Standards Of Design:
 - Minimum Requirements: Each site to be developed under a conditional use permit shall be required to provide landscape areas equal to or exceeding the following minimum amounts:
 - Service/Commercial Use: Each site for proposed service/commercial use shall have a minimum of fifteen percent (15%) of the net site/lot area in landscaping.
 - d. Additional Landscaping: In addition to the minimum on site landscaping, there shall be landscaping in the entire area of the right of way, between street property line and back of street curb, road, back slope, or fill slope, except for approved driveways, walkways, bike paths, and snow storage areas.
 - 5. Commercial, Office Or Industrial Use Adjacent To Residence: Where a commercial, office or industrial user of over fifty thousand (50,000) square feet building area is located adjacent to a residence, the landscape buffer described in subsection B3 of this section shall be increased to fifteen feet (15') (adjacent to that user), with two (2) rows of trees along the interior side of the property line. Each row is to contain minimum fifteen (15) gallon trees spaced fifteen feet (15') on center, staggered for maximum effect in buffering the two (2) uses.
 - Criteria For Trees Along Street Frontage: Trees shall be required along all street frontages according to the following criteria:
 - A minimum of one tree shall be planted for every twenty five feet (25') of linear street frontage.
 The trees may be grouped or planted in groves;
 - Fifty percent (50%) shall be twenty four inch (24") box size or larger with the balance being minimum fifteen (15) gallon size;
 - c. The trees selected shall be compatible with the overall site and landscape plan as well as adjacent sites.
 - 7. Standard Tree Planting Detail: All trees shall be planted and staked in accordance with the "Standard Tree Planting Detail" diagram in section 9-5-4 of this chapter. Plant sizes to be in accordance with Nurseryman Association standards.

- On Site Water Retention Areas: All on site water retention areas, other than paved surfaces, shall be entirely landscaped and shall comply with the following criteria:
 - The retention areas shall not occupy more than sixty seven percent (67%) of the on site street frontage landscape area;
 - All retention areas shall maintain slopes no steeper than three to one (3:1).
- Mounding And Berming: All mounding and berming shall have slopes no steeper than three to one (3:1).
- 10. Ground Cover: A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the landscaped areas is to be planted with vegetative ground cover. Minimum size and spacing to be one gallon size plants at a maximum three feet (3') on center.

9-5A-5: FENCING:

- A. Substituted For Planting Screens: Fencing may be substituted for planting screens subject to the approval of the staff and the commission.
- B. Separation Or Screening: Fencing shall be installed to provide separation or screening as specified in the site or development standards for the specific use. A sight obscuring fence required by the commission for any conditional use shall be stained or painted a single solid color, shall not be used for advertising, and shall be maintained in good repair.
- Random Entry: Fencing shall be installed to secure against random entry into hazardous areas or operations.
- E. Construction And Materials: Fence construction and materials shall be in accordance with commonly accepted good practices to produce a neat appearing durable fence. The location, height, and materials used for constructing a fence shall be approved by the commission and specified in the conditional use permit. Fences required for any conditional use shall be maintained in good repair.
- F. Conditional Use Adjoins Agricultural Uses: Where a conditional use adjoins an agricultural use where animal grazing is known to occur for more than thirty (30) consecutive days per year, the permittee shall cause a fence to be constructed so as to prevent the animals from entering the use area. The permittee shall provide for the maintenance of said fence through covenants, association documents, agreement(s) with the adjoining owner(s), or other form acceptable to the commission prior to approval of the permit so that there is reasonable assurance that the fence will be maintained in functional condition so long as the conflicting uses continue.
- G. Obstruction Of Vision: Sight obscuring fences, hedges, walls, latticework, or screens shall not be constructed in such a manner that vision necessary for safe operation of motor vehicles or bicycles on or entering public roadways is obstructed.

9-5B-1: NOISE:

A. Commercial Or Industrial Activity: The noise emanating from any commercial or industrial activity shall be muffled so as not to become objectionable due to intermittent beat, frequency or shrillness, and shall not exceed forty (40) decibels between the hours of seven o'clock (7:00) P.M. and seven o'clock (7:00) A.M., and sixty (60) decibels at other hours at the property line if adjacent uses are not the same.

9-5B-2: LIGHTING:

9-5B-3: ELECTRICAL INTERFERENCE:

Provisions must be made for necessary shielding or other preventive measures against interferences occasioned by mechanical, electrical, electronic, and nuclear equipment, uses or processes with electrical apparatus in nearby buildings or land uses.

9-5B-4: EMISSIONS:

- A. Obnoxious Odors; Toxic Or Corrosive Fumes Or Gases: The emission of obnoxious odors of any kind shall not be permitted, nor the emission of any toxic or corrosive fumes or gases.
- B. Dust: Dust created by an industrial, commercial, or recreational operation shall not be exhausted or wasted into the air. All operations shall be subject to the standards in appendix C, fugitive dust 1. State air quality permits, when required, may be a condition of approval of the conditional use permit or may be required to be a part of the conditional use permit at the discretion of the commission.
- C. Wood Burning Devices: Wood burning devices shall be limited to one per site. Wood burning devices shall be certified for low emissions in accordance with EPA standards.

9-5B-6: OPEN STORAGE:

All storage shall be located within an area not closer than twenty feet (20') from the street right of way line and shall be enclosed with a heavy wire or board fence not less than six feet (6') high, or by plantings the same height. Lumber, coal, or other combustible material will be fully accessible to firetrucks at all times. Open storage of toxic or hazardous materials shall not be allowed.

9-5B-7: FIRE PROTECTION:

Provisions must be made to implement prefire activities that may help improve the survivability of people and homes in areas prone to wildfire. Activities may include vegetation management around the home, use of fire resistant building materials, appropriate subdivision design, removal of fuel, providing a water source, and other measures. Recommendations of the applicable fire district will be considered.

9-5F-1: COMMERCIAL USES; SITE OR DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

A. Minimum Lot Area:

- 1. The minimum lot area shall be unlimited herein except for the provisions of subsection 9-5-3A2 of this chapter, and except the minimum area for a ski area shall be forty (40) acres.
- 2. Frontage on a public or private road shall not be less than seventy five feet (75') for each lot or parcel.

B. Minimum Setbacks:

- 1. The minimum setbacks for neighborhood businesses shall be thirty feet (30') from front, rear, and side street property lines and ten feet (10') from all side property lines.
- The minimum setbacks for service and recreation businesses shall be fifty feet (50') from rear, front, and side street property lines and thirty feet (30') from side property lines.
- 3. The minimum setbacks for area businesses shall be the same as those for neighborhood businesses. Salvage yards, auto wrecking yards, or commercial agricultural businesses shall be located not less than one thousand feet (1,000') from any residential development, civic or community service use, or other noncompatible commercial use, unless the impacts are adequately mitigated by implementation of standards as approved by the commission. The setbacks will be determined in relation to impact mitigation.

C. Maximum Building Height And Floor Area:

- Building heights shall not exceed thirty-five feet (35') above the lower of the existing or finished grade.
- The building size or floor area shall not exceed the limitations of subsections 9-5-3A and C of this
 chapter and title 6, chapter 1 of this code.
- No building or combination of buildings may cover more than forty percent (40%) of the lot or parcel, except recreation business buildings may not cover more than one percent (1%) of the lot and agricultural business buildings may not cover more than twenty percent (20%) of the lot or parcel.

D. Site Improvements:

2. Parking spaces for neighborhood and area businesses shall be provided at the rate of one, plus one per each two hundred fifty (250) square feet of floor area.

SUMMARY:

Compatibility Rating: Staff's compatibility rating is a +26.

The Planning and Zoning Commission should do their own compatibility rating prior to the meeting (form with directions attached).

STAFF COMMENTS / QUESTIONS:

- This site is within the McCall Fire District and the Lake Irrigation District. It is not within a herd district.
- 2. The P&Z Commission should review the plan to reestablish the landscaping plan and give

- specific direction if it is not adequate. A revised landscape plan was submitted on May 11, 2023 (attached) by adjacent applicant on the Congleton property; however, the landscaping plan is being changed to something that is more maintainable. Revised site plan and landscape plan were submitted on June 22, 2023. Who will be installing the landscaping?
- 3. The applicant states that there are two restrooms: one in the office and one on the dock. Are both attached to a septic system shared with the building at 13871 Highway 55?
- 4. Are the two existing vehicle parking spaces in the 100-ft setback from Highway 55 used for customer or employee parking?
- A variance is required for the storage of the trailer and the 2 parking spaces. If the application and variance are approved, this application will go to the Board of County Commissioners for a final decision.
- 6. The trailer has typically been stored perpendicular to the building; however, the site plan shows it being stored at an angle. Which direction will the trailer be oriented?

ATTACHMENTS:

- Conditions of Approval
- Blank Compatibility Evaluation and Instructions
- Compatibility Evaluation by Staff
- Vicinity Map
- Aerial Map
- Assessor Plat T.17N R.3E Section 3
- Pictures Taken May 25, 2023, and November 17, 2021
- Responses
- Additional Application Submittal Received May 11, 2023
- Revised Landscaping Plan Received May 11, 2023
- Revised Site Plan and Additional Landscaping Information Received June 22, 2023
- Revised Landscaping Plan Received July 5, 2023
- Septic System Handouts

Conditions of Approval

- The application, the staff report, and the provisions of the Land Use and Development Ordinance are all made a part of this permit as if written in full herein. Any violation of any portion of the permit will be subject to enforcement and penalties in accordance with Title 9-2-5; and, may include revocation or suspension of the conditional use permit.
- Any change in the nature or scope of land use activities shall require an additional Conditional Use Permit.
- The use shall be established within one year of the date of approval, or a permit extension will be required.
- 4. The issuance of this permit and these conditions will not relieve the applicant from complying with applicable County, State, or Federal laws or regulations or be construed as permission to operate in violation of any statute or regulations. Violation of these laws, regulations or rules may be grounds for revocation of the Conditional Use Permit or grounds for suspension of the Conditional Use Permit.

- 5. A variance from the 100-ft setback from Highway 55 is allowed for parking of a trailer 80-ft from the property line and for the two customer parking spaces. No other parking is allowed in the setback areas. Employees will park at the rear of the building.
- 6. Must comply with the requirements of the McCall Fire Department.
- 7. Must comply with the requirements of Central District Health.
- 8. The site must be kept in a neat and orderly manner.
- 9. All lights shall be fully shielded so that there is not upward or horizontal projection of lights. All existing non-compliant lighting should be brought into compliance within one month of approval of the conditional use permit. Lighting fixtures cannot be tilted to project outward.
- 10. Hours of operation are _____ a.m. to _____ p.m., Monday through Sunday.
- 11. No outside storage is allowed.
- 12. Landscaping shall be installed prior to July 1, 2023. If landscaping dies, it must be replaced.
- 13. All noxious weeds on the property must be eradicated.
- 14. Shall obtain a sign permit prior to installation of a sign.
- 15. Shall clearly post the address on the building.

END OF STAFF REPORT

Compatibility Questions and Evaluation

Matrix Line	#/Use	9:		Prepared by:
YES/NO	х		Response Value	Use Matrix Values:
(+2/-2)	x	4		1. Is the proposed use compatible with the dominant adjacent land use?
(+2/-2)	_×	2		2. Is the proposed use compatible with the other adjacent land uses (total and average)?
(+2/-2)	x	1		3. Is the proposed use generally compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity?
(+2/-2)	x	3		Site Specific Evaluation (Impacts and Proposed Mitigation) 4. Is the property large enough, does the existence of wooded area, or does the lay of the land help to minimize any potential impacts the proposed use may have on adjacent uses?
(+2/-2)	_ x	1		5. Is the size or scale of proposed <u>lots and/or</u> structures similar to adjacent ones?
(+2/-2)	x	2		6. Is the traffic volume and character to be generated by the proposed use similar to the uses on properties that will be affected by proximity to parking lots, on- site roads, or access roads?
(+2/-2)	x	2		7. Is the potential impact on adjacent properties due to the consuming or emission of any resource or substance compatible with that of existing uses?
(+2/-2)	x	2		8. Is the proposed use compatible with the abilities of public agencies to provide service or of public facilities to accommodate the proposed use demands on utilities, fire and police protection, schools, roads, traffic control, parks, and open areas?
(+2/-2)	_×	2	يدد	9. Is the proposed use cost effective when comparing the cost for providing public services and improving public facilities to the increases in public revenue from the improved property?
Sub-Total	(+)			
Sub-Total	()	5	-	
Total Score				

The resulting values for each questions shall be totaled so that each land use and development proposal receives a single final score.

Compatibility Questions and Evaluation

Matrix Line #/Use:	Prepared by: C
area B	Wins
YES/NO X Value	Use Matrix Values:
(+2/-2) <u>+2</u> x 4 <u>+8</u>	1. Is the proposed use compatible with the dominant adjacent land use?
(+2/-2) -2 x 2 -4	2. Is the proposed use compatible with the other adjacent land uses (total and average)?
(+2/-2) <u>+/</u> x 1 <u>//</u>	3. Is the proposed use generally compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity? **The second of the local compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity? **The second of the local compatible with the overall land use in the local vicinity?
(+2/-2) <u>+/</u> x 3 <u>+3</u>	Site Specific Evaluation (Impacts and Proposed Mitigation) 4. Is the property large enough, does the existence of wooded area, or does the lay of the land help to minimize any potential impacts the proposed use may have on adjacent uses? **The Company Control of the land and
(+2/-2) +2 x 1 +2	5. Is the size or scale of proposed lots and/or structures similar to adjacent ones? Existing
(+21-2) +2x 2 +4	6. Is the traffic volume and character to be generated by the proposed use similar to the uses on properties that will be affected by proximity to parking lots, on- site roads, or access roads?
(+21-2) <u>+2</u> x 2 <u>+4</u>	7. Is the potential impact on adjacent properties due to the consuming or emission of any resource or substance compatible with that of existing uses?
(+21-2) <u>+2x</u> 2 <u>+4</u>	8. Is the proposed use compatible with the abilities of public agencies to provide service or of public facilities to accommodate the proposed use demands on utilities, fire and police protection, schools, roads, traffic control, parks, and open areas?
(+21-2) +2 X 2 +4	9. Is the proposed use cost effective when comparing the cost for providing public services and improving public facilities to the increases in public revenue from the improved property?
Sub-Total (+) 30	Unchanged
Sub-Total ()	
Total Score +26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The resulting values for each questions shall be totaled so that each land use and development proposal receives a single final score.

9-11-1: APPENDIX A, COMPATIBILITY EVALUATION:

A. General: One of the primary functions of traditional zoning is to classify land uses so that those which are not fully compatible or congruous can be geographically separated from each other. The county has opted to substitute traditional zoning with a multiple use concept in which there is no separation of fand uses. Proposed incompatible uses may adversely affect existing uses, people, or lands in numerous ways: noise, odors, creation of hazards, view, water contamination, loss of needed or desired resources, property values, or infringe on a desired lifestyle. To ensure that the county can continue to grow and develop without causing such land use problems and conflicts, a mechanism designed to identify and discourage land use proposals which will be incompatible at particular locations has been devised. The compatibility evaluation of all conditional uses also provides for evaluations in a manner which is both systematic and consistent.

B. Purpose; Use:

- 1. The compatibility rating is to be used as a tool to assist in the determination of compatibility. The compatibility rating is not the sole deciding factor in the approval or denial of any application.
- Staff prepares a preliminary compatibility rating for conditional use permits, except for conditional use permits for PUDs. The commission reviews the
 compatibility rating and may change any value.
- C. General Evaluation: Completing the compatibility questions and evaluation (form):
 - 1. All evaluations shall be made as objectively as possible by assignment of points for each of a series of questions. Points shall be assigned as follows:
 - Plus 2 assigned for full compatibility (adjacency encouraged).
 - Plus 1 assigned for partial compatibility (adjacency not necessarily encouraged).
 - 0 assigned if not applicable or neutral.
 - Minus 1 assigned for minimal compatibility (adjacency not discouraged).
 - Minus 2 assigned for no compatibility (adjacency not acceptable).
 - Each response value shall be multiplied by some number, which indicates how important that particular response is relative to all the others. Multipliers shall be any of the following:
 - x4 indicates major relative importance.
 - x3 indicates above average relative importance.
 - x2 indicates below average relative importance.
 - x1 indicates minor relative importance.
- D. Matrix Questions 1 Through 3: The following matrix shall be utilized, wherever practical, to determine response values for questions one through three (3). Uses classified and listed in the left hand column and across the top of the matrix represent possible proposed, adjacent, or vicinity land uses. Each box indicates the extent of compatibility between any two (2) Intersecting uses. These numbers should not be changed from proposal to proposal, except where distinctive uses arise which may present unique compatibility considerations. The commission shall determine whether or not there is a unique consideration.

E. Terms:

DOMINANT ADJACENT LAND USE: Any use which is within three hundred feet (300") of the use boundary being proposed; and

- 1. Comprises at least one-half (1/2) of the adjacent uses and one-fourth (1/4) of the total adjacent area; or
- 2. Where two (2) or more uses compete equally in number and are more frequent than all the other uses, the one with the greatest amount of acreage is the dominant land use; or
- 3. In all other situations, no dominant land use exists. When this occurs, the response value shall be zero.

LOCAL VICINITY: Land uses within a one to three (3) mile radius. The various uses therein should be identified and averaged to determine the overall use of the land.

F. Questions 4 Through 9:

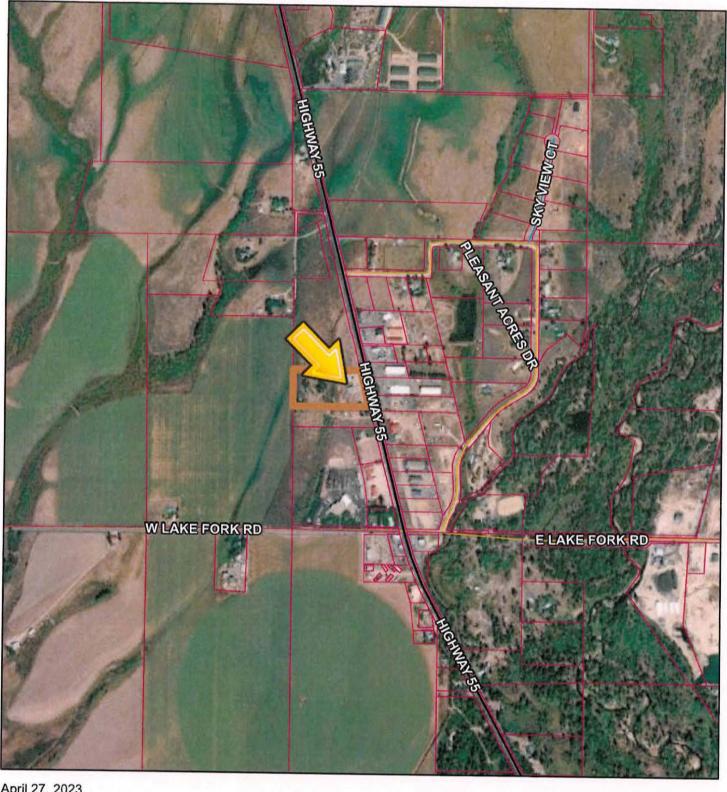
- In determining the response values for questions 4 through 9, the evaluators shall consider the information contained in the application, the goals and
 objectives of the comprehensive plan, the provisions of this title and related ordinances, information gained from an actual inspection of the site, and
 information gathered by the staff.
- 2. The evaluator or commission shall also consider proposed mitigation of the determined impacts. Adequacy of the mitigation will be a factor,

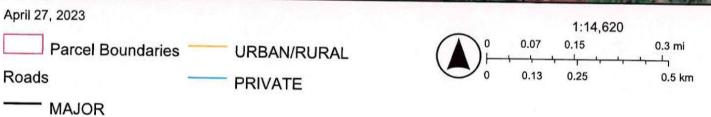
3 +1 11 9 12 13 14 17 21 20 a 23 21 42 ç ? 7 Ŧ ç 42 Ŧ Ŧ 7 ņ 7 Ŧ 7 S 7 Ŧ 2 42 S ? ? 3 7 7 4 ? 7 Ŧ +2 Ŧ 7 7 T ? N S 7 42 Ŧ Ŧ 21 Ŧ T 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 4 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 +2 42 7 Ŧ 7 7 +2 Ŧ 8 42 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 42 ? 7 4 7 7 7 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 7 ? ? +2 7 7 7 ? Ŧ 7 18 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 7 ? 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 42 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 4 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ N 4 T 16 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 4 7 42 ņ Ŧ +2 Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 Т 7 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ 2 42 7 P +2 ? 7 Ŧ 14 Ŧ Ŧ T Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 13 Ŧ 7 ? 4 ņ 7 7 7 4 Ŧ 7 7 7 ? ? 7 7 7 7 4 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 + 4 + Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ +2 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 11 Ŧ 7 7 +2 4 7 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 T Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ T 10 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 T 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 +2 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 6 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ç Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ 8 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 4 7 7 Ç 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ç Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 ç 7 7 ç Ŧ Ŧ +2 Ŧ +2 Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 4 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 7 ? ? Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 -Ŧ Ŧ ? Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ T Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 ç Ŧ Ŧ ? Ť 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 ? 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ 7 ? ? 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 2 7 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ ? Ŧ 7 7 Ŧ 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 ç 4 ? 7 Ŧ Ŧ 7 Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ Ŧ 7 7 7 Ŧ 7 7 7 7 7 13. LANDFILL or SWR. PLANT 16. NEIGHBORHOOD BUS. REL, EDUC & REHAB PUBLIC UTIL (1A-3.1) SUBDIVISION, M.F. SUBDIVISION, S.F. M.H. or R.V. PARK MATRIX FOR RATING AGRICULTURAL RESIDENCE, M.F. **QUESTIONS 1, 2, and 3** RESIDENCE, S.F. 15. PRIV. REC. (CON) PRIV. REC. (PER.) RESIDENCE BUS FRAT or GOVT PUBLIC REC. P.U.D., RES. 22. HEAVY IND. 12. CEMETERY SERV. BUS. 21. LIGHTIND AREA BUS. 23. EXTR. IND. 20. REC. BUS. : -14 17. 4 ë S 7 19. 6 18 8 6 **CRES** SEKNICE DRES CSES CISES RESIDENTIAL CIVIC OF COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL INDOST

APPENDIX A

RATE THE SOLID SQUARES AS +2

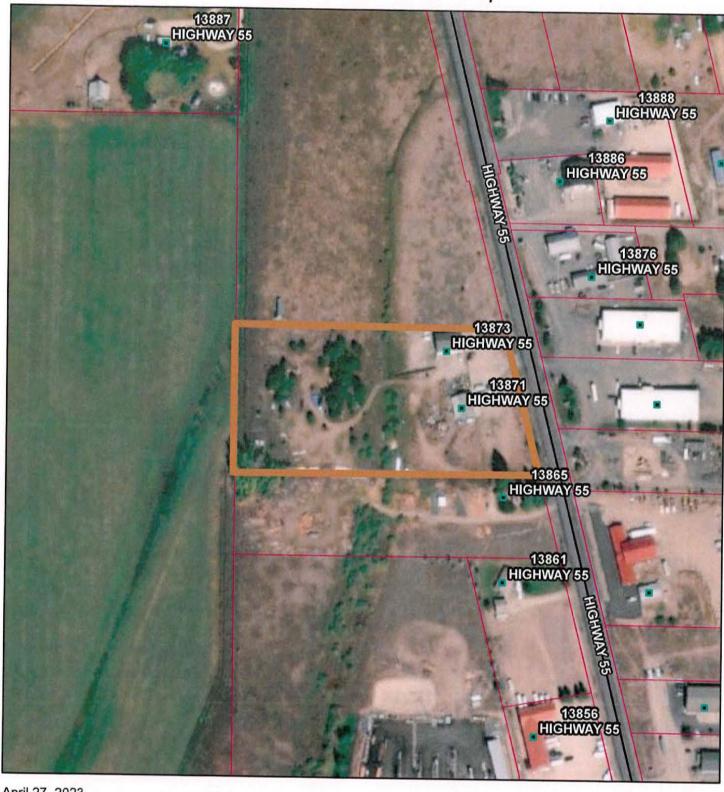
C.U.P. 23-24 Vicinity Map





Maxar

C.U.P. 23-24 Aerial Map



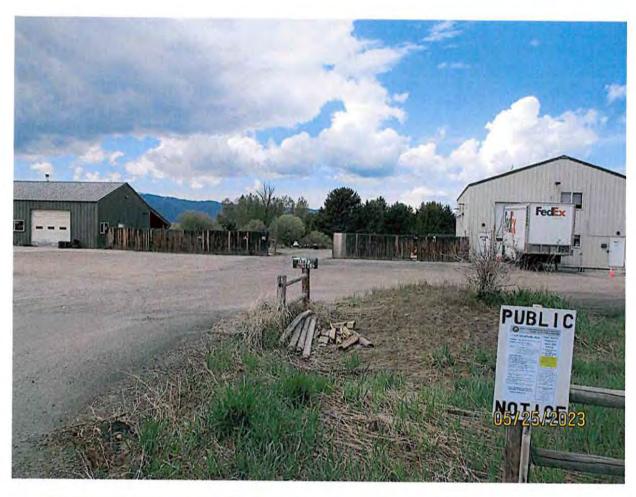


MAJOR

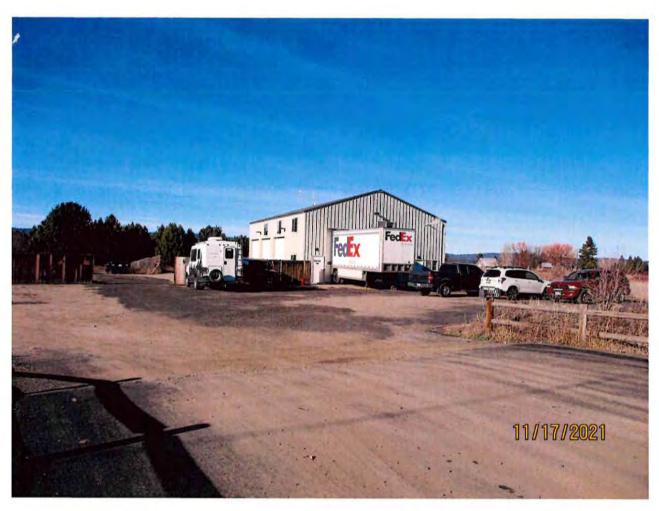
TITLE Filename: Valley County Base Map Scale: 1" = 400 ft. VALLEY COUNTY
Cartography Dept.
Assessor's Office
Cascade, ID 83611 Date: 4712/2022. Drawn by: L Frederick TMA. 172 ROSE SEO, OS PLAT WARD 7211 8000 55.304 Total acres 7208 GOVT LOT 1 Tex No. 148 25,137 00 Survey 5.420 Amended by 5.428 144,228 ac 12.539 az Amd, Tax No. 174 7803 MENT 8530 GONTLOT1 (38-32-8C) Sarrey 6-739 Amd. by 7-1 Tor No. 163 Survey 6-661 Tex No. 159 46.209 ac 3.404 m CN16 8136 Tex No. 153 # 97 Test 2405 Survey 3-166 10 252 ac 850 40.049 ac Tax No. 12 Sarrey 5-426 PLEASANT G0171.073 (38.87.4C) ACRES 4350 SUBD Survey 9-16 3980 WIGN Servey 1-232 Screet 493 Save 2-78 Servey 8-181 SUNDATISION Tex No. 99 10.000 ac Tax No. 167 41.909 oc KRUEGEKS FOLLY SURDIVISION **HINSON** SW 1 1427,517 Tex No. 133 Survey 2-63 Turne, 154 6 3 (0)3 cc. 2003 cc. 2003 cc. 2003 cc. SURDIVISION THE STATE OF THE S Amd Tox No. 120-9 10.297 GE MCALASTER Survey 6-684 Survey 8-109





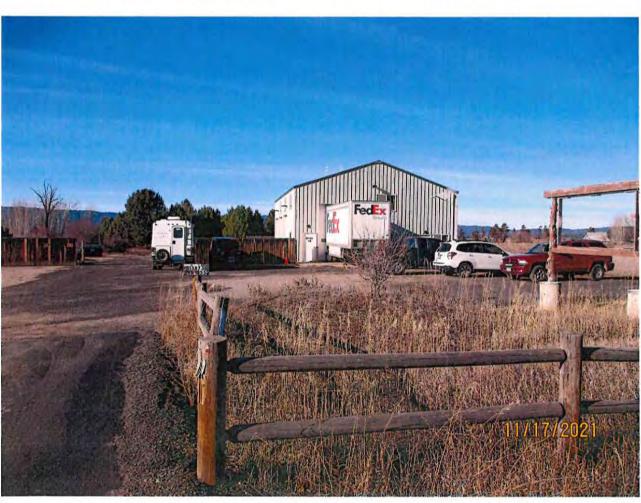












(CENTRAL Valley County Transmittal DISTRICT Division of Community and Environmental Health	Return to: Cascade Donnelly
R	ez	one #	☐ McCall
C	or	nditional Use #CUP 23-24	☐ McCall Impact
P	re	liminary/Final/Short Plat Fed Ex Hub	☑ Valley County
-	_	13873 Highung 55	_
		Sec 3	
	1.	We have No Objections to this Proposal.	
1	2.	We recommend Denial of this Proposal.	
X.	3.	Specific knowledge as to the exact type of use must be provided before we can comment on this	Proposal.
M-	4.	We will require more data concerning soil conditions on this Proposal before we can comment	
	5.	Before we can comment concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal.	ning the depth
	6,	This office may require a study to assess the impact of nutrients and pathogens to receiving ground waters.	nd waters and surface
	7.	This project shall be reviewed by the Idaho Department of Water Resources concerning well constavailability.	truction and water
	8.	After written approvals from appropriate entities are submitted, we can approve this proposal for	
			ty water well
7 9	9.	The following plan(s) must be submitted to and approved by the Idaho Department of Environme	
		central sewage community sewage system community sewage dry lines central water	
] 1	0,	Run-off is not to create a mosquito breeding problem	
J 1	1.	This Department would recommend deferral until high seasonal ground water can be determined considerations indicate approval.	if other
] 1	2	If restroom facilities are to be installed, then a sewage system MUST be installed to meet Idaho Sta Regulations.	ate Sewage
] 12	3.	We will require plans be submitted for a plan review for any: food establishment swimming pools or spas child care beverage establishment grocery store	Center
1	4	There is no excord of A Septen System serving 13873	14.6
		There is A septa system serving 13871 Highway 55 5-200	De 250 and
		AN Accessory use Application & provide: "Formation Da	En 18 12 123

CONTRACTOR

CUP 23-24 FedEx Hub

From: Garrett de Jong <garrett@mccallfire.com>

Sent: Wednesday, June 7, 2023 3:20 PM
To: Cynda Herrick <cherrick@co.valley.id.us>

Subject: CUP 23-24 FedEx Hub

Hi Cynda,

In accordance with Section 906 of the 2018 International Fire Code, the operator of the business shall have At least (1) 5lb ABC portable fire extinguisher is mounted on each floor, in a conspicuous, unobstructed, unobscured location, which shall be hung between four and five feet above the floor and no further than 75 feet to any point on the floor. Extinguishers shall be serviced and service tagged annually by an approved company.

I do not have any other comments regarding the CUP 23-24 FedEx Hub application.

Thank you,

Garrett

Garrett de Jong Fire Chief - McCall Fire & EMS



Scan QR code below or click here to sign up for CodeRED!





Please submit a detailed project description describing the use.

• FXG provides additional sortation and delivery capacity for the McCall, ID market, and operates out of the building located at 13873 Highway 55 roughly 9am – 5pm Monday through Saturday. There is a tractor-trailer that pulls up to the building to unload packages through the front dock door. The packages are sorted inside of the building and placed in delivery vans, that will then disperse from the building to deliver packages to the respected addresses. These vans will pick up packages from local residences and business and return to the facility to unload back onto the tractor-trailer, which then leaves the building to deliver those packages into our network. FXG will be working with a local landscaping architect to provide trees and shrubbery to prevent the tractor-trailers from being visible from the highway. The site plan attached to the CUP application on 4/20 indicated our proposed positioning of the landscaping.

Can customers walk in a drop off packages at the office?

 Yes, customers can drop off packages at the building, as well as pick up. The building is secured and customers are required to knock or ring the bell for access.

Is there a bathroom on-site for employees?

Yes, two restrooms on site. One in the office and one on the dock.

Please sign the attached weed control agreement and return to this office.

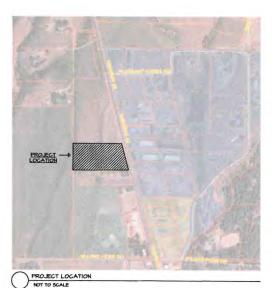
Landlord will need to return to the office

Impact report Questions #6 and #13 were not answered.

#6: The facility runs on well water, and the well head is located just to the south of the building (marked with the light blue square). The disposal method would be the septic system. There is no fire protection system to speak of so no identified disposal method for that. The lot is sloped and surface water runs off in to a small ditch behind the parking area (outlined in dark blue). There are no wetlands or flood prone areas that we have identified.

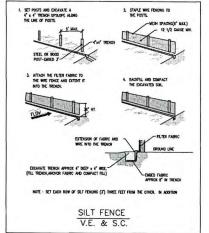


 #13: The location of this facility is optimal for efficient delivery within the McCall, ID and surrounding areas. The facility at 13873 Highway 55 is critical to our operations due to access from/to the highway, and proximity to local residences and businesses.

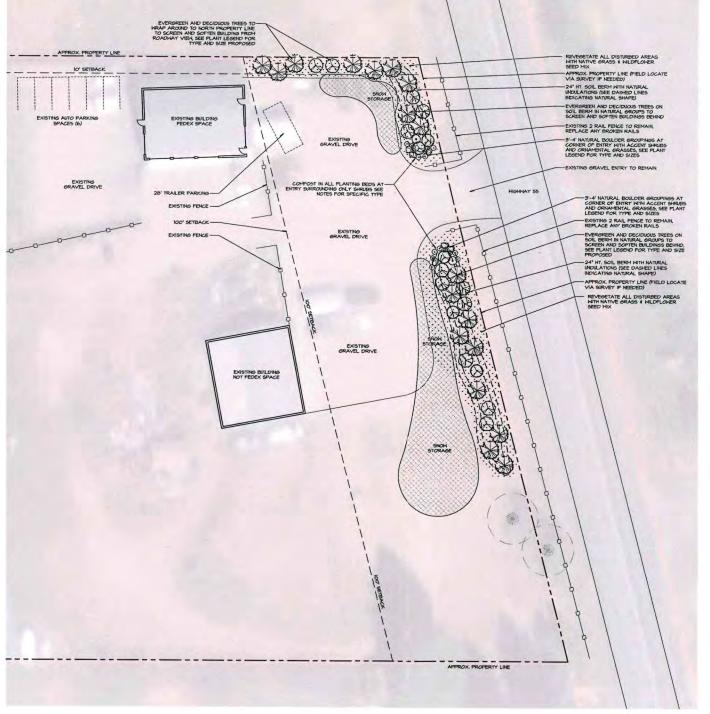


EROSION CONTROL & SITE PROTECTION NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS:

- SILT FENCING IS TO BE PLACED AT THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE AS NEEDED TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. A CONSTRUCTION FENCE WILL BE PLACED AT THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE HARREST THE SILT FENCE IS NOT IMPO.
- SLT FENCING IS TO BE PLACED AT BASES OF FILL AND SOIL STOCKPILES TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.
- STRAN BALES OR STRAN HATTLES SHALL BE PLACED AT ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED DRAINAGE SHALES.
- ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN PLACE INTIL CONSTRUCTION COMPLETED.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT DESIGNATED AS SHALB BEDS OR PERENNIAL BEDS SHALL BE REVEGETATED WITH THE SEED MIXTURE.
- Provide Stram Hattle around all revenerated areas for a minimum of one year period of establishment (the years ideal).



DISCLAIMER:



GENERAL NOTES:

- CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY EXISTING SITE INFORMATION, INCLIDING STRUCTURES, UTILITIES, PROPERTY LINES, LIMITS OF ROACHAYS, AND CURBS AND GUTTER, THAT MAY EFFECT THE SCOPE OF WORK PRIOR TO BEGINNING SITE CONSTRUCTION
- PROVIDE OWNER OR LANDSCAPE DESIGNER WITH NOTIFICATION OF ALL DISCREPANCIES DESITE IMPROVEMENTS.
- LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY STEPS AS REQUIRED TO PROPERLY PROTECT AND MAINTAIN HIS WORK FOR THE DURATION OF THE CONTRACT.
- . NOTES AND DETAILS ON SPECIFIC DRAHINGS TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER GENERAL NOTES AND TYPICAL DETAILS.
- b. IT SHALL BE THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CONFIRM ALL DESIGN CRITERIA AS NOTED BY THE DRAINING OR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS. ANY DISCREPANCES, PELETIONS, ADDITIONS, OR ALTERATIONS TO THE DRA OR SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE PRESENTED IN HIRTING TO THE PROJECT LANDSCAPE DESIGNER PRIOR TO INSTALLATIC
- R. CIVIL ENGINEERING IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CLIENT OR GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
- I. ALL HORK AND PARTS SHALL BE WARRANTIED FOR A HINNAM OF ONE YEAR FROM DATE OF COMPLETION
- 2 A MINIMM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE IS REQUIRED FOR ALL MODIFICATIONS, REVIEW 1 APPROVAL REQUESTS TO LANDSCANDESIONER.

PLANTINGS NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS:

IRRIGATION NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS:

(2") THICK LAYER OF CASCADE COMPOST IN ALL PLANTING BED WITH SHRUBS, SEED REMAINING DERI-

2. REVEGETATE ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH NATIVE GRASS & WILDFLOHER SEED MIX

- AUTOMATIC DRIP IRRIGATION SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL NEW TREES AND SHRIBS IN PLANTING BEDS, AUTOMATIC 6° POP-UP SPRAY HEADS OR ROTORS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR LANN AREAS, ALL OVERHEAD IRRIGATION HEADS SHALL BE SPACED ON COMPER PER THEIR COVERAGE RADIUS TO PROVIDE EVEN AND EFFCIENT HATERING.
- FLUSH DIRT AND DEBRIS FROM PIPING BEFORE INSTALLING SPRINKLERS AND OTHER DEVICES.

- HANALE IS TO BE BUILD IT 10" FILLAR FRISHED GRADE LATERAL PIPES SHALL BE BUILD & 12" DELOH FRISHED GRADE IN MATHEMATISTICATED A 14 HIRALD GRADE IN MATHEMATISTICATED AREAS, ALL PIPE TREDCHES SHALL BE FRIED OF ROADS AND DEBUIST RICHORD TO PIPE FRIED AND THE OFFI MATHEMATISTICATED. BESCHILL TREDCHES MITH SOIL THAT IS PREED OF RICHORD AND DEBUIST.
- INSTALL ALL DRIP IRRIGATION LINES PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.
- CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE CHARR WITH AS-BUILT IRRIGATION PLANS THAT INCLIDE APPROXIMATE MAINLINE ROLITING AND VALVE BOX LOCATIONS.
- THE FOLLOWING IRRIGATION TESTS AND INSPECTIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR: BJ. LEAK TEST: APTER INSTALLATION, CHARGE SYSTEM AND TEST FOR LEAKS, REPAIR LEAKS AND RETEST UNTIL NO LEAKS BUST.

 BOST.

 BO
- CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE START UP AND BLOH-OUT SERVICES FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEM FOR THE FIRST SEASON IT IS INSTALLED.

PLANT LEGEND

SYMBOL	atr.	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE
	10	PICEA	MIX COLORADO AND NORMAY SPRICE	в нт.
	7	POPULIS TREMUCIDES	QUAKING ASPEN	2" GALIFER
\bigcirc	5	ACER GLABRUM TORR	ROCKY MOUTAIN MAPLE (MULTI STEM) (SUB AMUR MAPLE IF NEEDED)	T'-8' HT. MUITI STEM
	5	BETULA NIGRA HERITAGE!	HERITAGE RIVER BIRCH	25 GAL.
0	2	CORNUS STOLONIFERA	REDTHIS DOSHOOD	5 GAL.
0	q	ROSA HOODSII	NATIVE ROSE	5 6AL.
*	7	CALAMAGROSTIS ACUTIFLORA KARL FOERSTER'	FEATHER REED GRASS	I GAL.
		REVEGETATE ALL DISTURBED A WLDFLOWER SEED HIX	REAS WITH NATIVE GRASS (

PLANTING NOTES/REQUIREMENTS 540' 4- LINEAR FEET OF STREET FRONTAGE ALONG HAY 55

35 STREET TREES REGIRED PER VALLEY COUNTY CODE FOR STREETSCAPE ALONG HAY 55 TREE PER IO' OF UNEAR OF STREET FRONTAGE) (35 PROPOSED TREES) NOTE, PLANTINGS AND TREES ARE TO BE SET AT CORNERS OF PROPERTY AND ALONG FROM SIDE OF BUILDING IN NATURAL PROUPS STILL RESULTING IN A SOFTERED AND NATURALIZED BUILDING FRACADE BUT MAINTAINING HYDRITAIN YER CORRIGORS TO BUILDING FOR

GRAPHIC LEGEND

DESCR
EXISTIN PRESER LOCAT

TING SPRICE, PINE, OR FIR TREE TO B ERVED AND IRRIGATED, FIELD ATE FOR SIZES.

LANDSCAPE SCREENING PLAN

 Ξ FEDE AY SS

LAKEFORK I 13871 STATE HIGHWA VALLEY COUNTY, IDAH

10 MAY 2023

III C

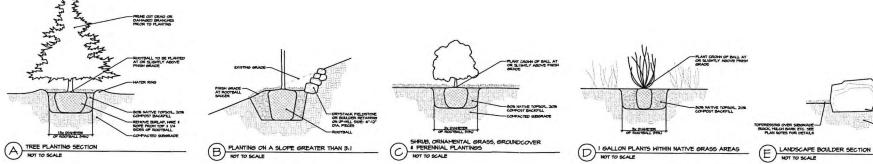
TRAILRIDG

RECEIVE



1" = 20'







Conditional Use Permit Application
From: Hunter Mueller
Sent: Thursday, June 22, 2023 10:21 AM
To: Cynda Herrick <cherrick@co.valley.id.us></cherrick@co.valley.id.us>
Cc: Jessica Ruperto ; Curt Starr
Subject: RE: Conditional Use Permit Application
Cynda:
Attached on this email are updated site plans with larger text. Let me know if you are still having issues reading the font. At the hearing, our plan is to bring large printouts of each drawing. Contained in the folder below are CAD and PDF drawings for FXG conditional use/variance application.
Site Plans
Thank you,
Hunter Mueller Associate
FISCHER
From: Hunter Mueller
Sent: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 10:52 AM
To: Cynda Herrick <cherrick@co.valley.id.us></cherrick@co.valley.id.us>
Cc: Jessica Ruperto
Subject: RE: Conditional Use Permit Application
Cynda:
Please refer to the updated drawings per prior requests and comments to our application.
Let me know if you have any questions or need anything further.
Thank you,

Hunter Mueller Associate

FISCHER



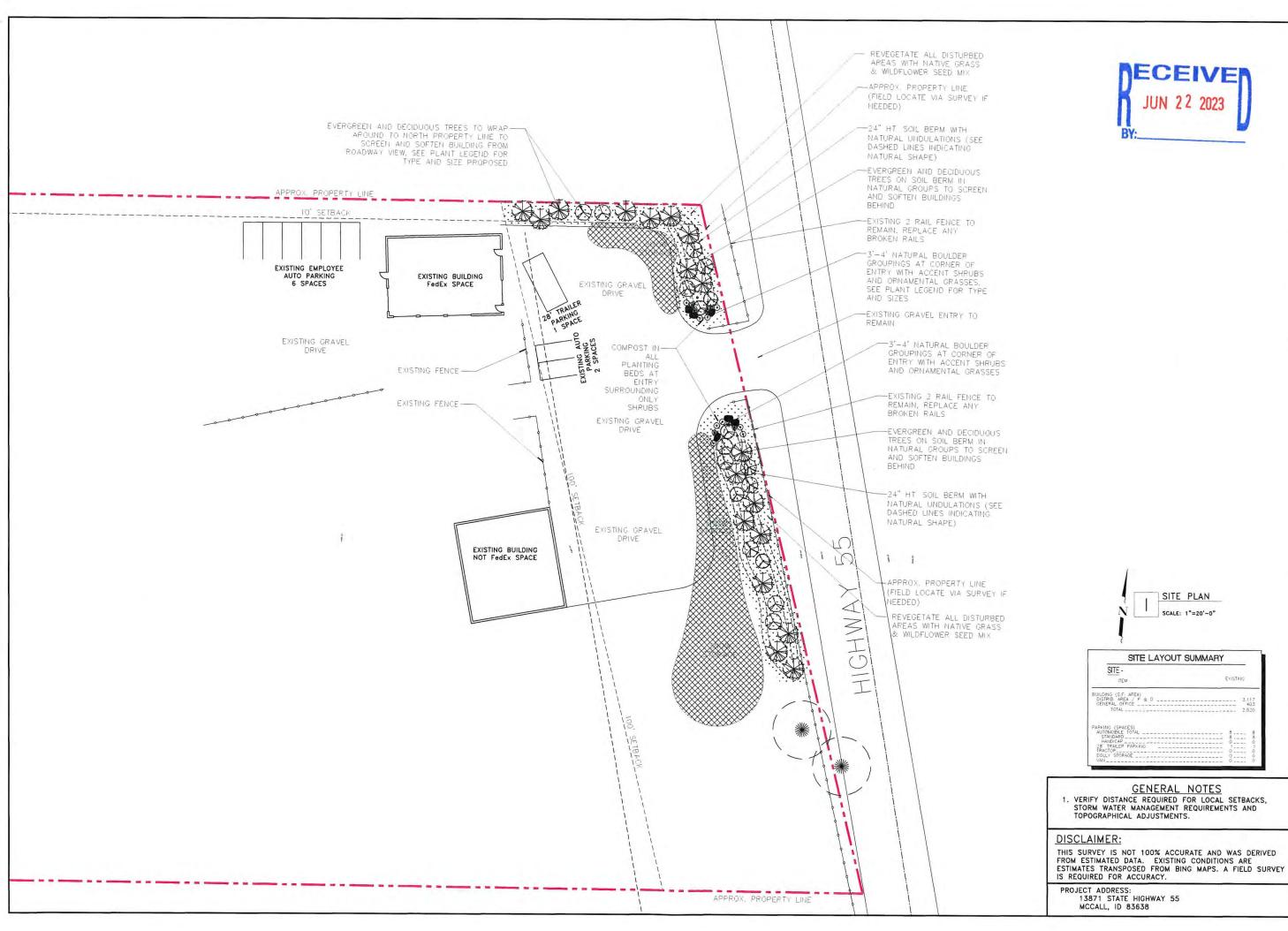
JOB / DATE DRAWN

FOR INFORMATION
PURPOSES ONLY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



MCCALL, ID 83638

0 S





SITE PLAN

SCALE: 1"=20'-0"

EXISTING

SITE LAYOUT SUMMARY

GENERAL NOTES



 \Box MCCALL,

FedEx Ground CUP Application

Heather Potts

Wed 7/5/2023 12:16 PM

To:Cynda Herrick <cherrick@co.valley.id.us>;Lori Hunter <lhunter@co.valley.id.us>

Cc:Steve Millemann

1 attachments (200 KB)

Submitted-MCCALL_SD1.01e-Siite Plan.pdf;

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon,

Attached please find the final Landscaping Plan for the above referenced Application. Please let me know if you have any questions. Thank you.

Heather Potts

Paralegal and Office Manager Millemann Pemberton & Holm LLP P.O. Box 1066 (Mailing Address) 706 N. 1st Street (Physical Address)

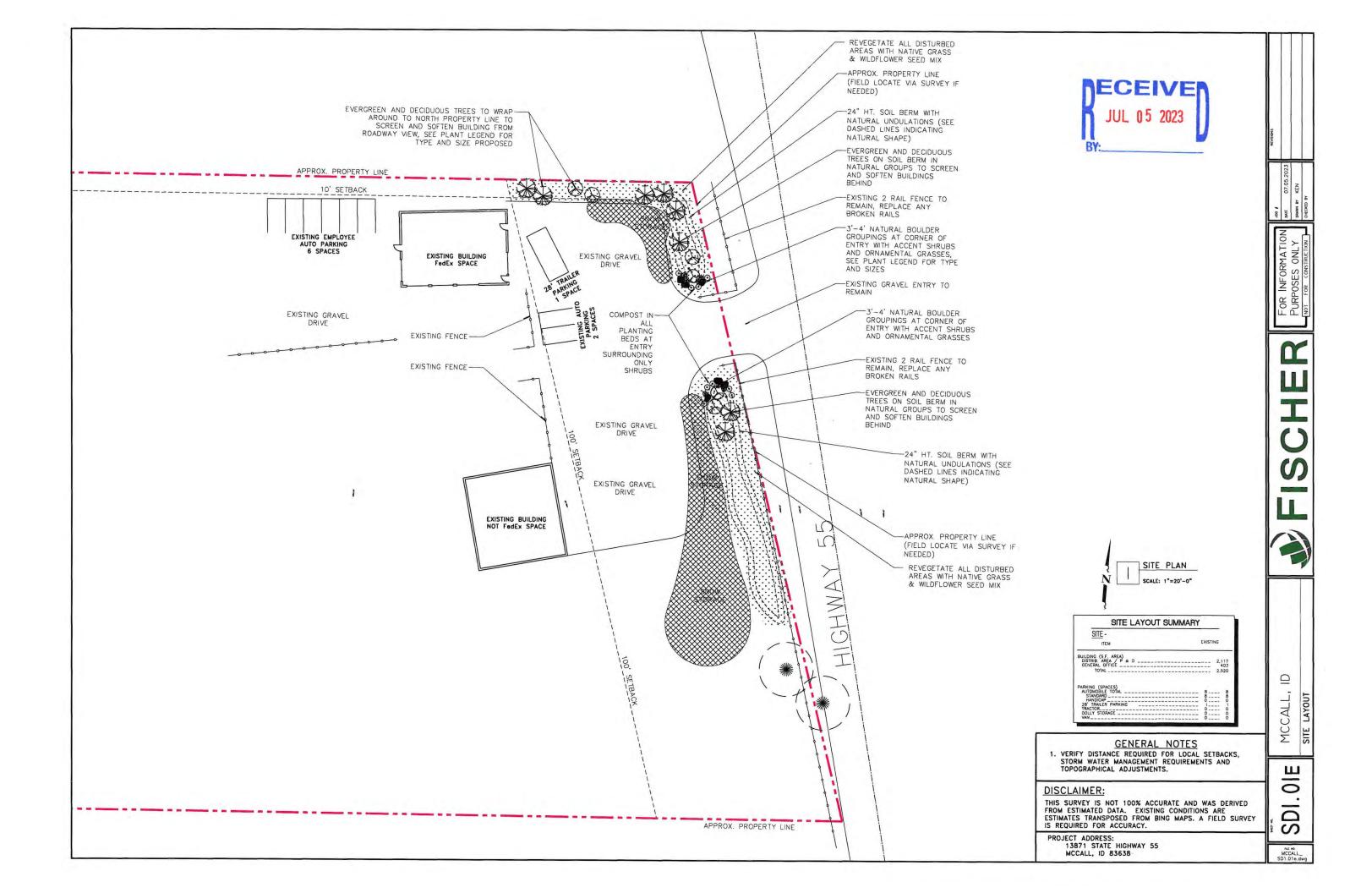
McCall, ID 83638

Tel.: Fax:

Email



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Top 10 Ways to Be a Good Septic Owner

- Have your system inspected every three years by a qualified professional or according to your state/ local health department's recommendations
- Have your septic tank pumped, when necessary, generally every three to five years
- Avoid pouring harsh products (e.g., oils, grease, chemicals, paint, medications) down the drain
- Discard non-degradable products in the trash (e.g., floss, disposable wipes, cat litter) instead of flushing them
- Keep cars and heavy vehicles parked away from the drainfield and tank
- Follow the system manufacturer's directions when using septic tank cleaners and additives
- Repair leaks and use water efficient fixtures to avoid overloading the system
- Maintain plants and vegetation near the system to ensure roots do not block drains
- Use soaps and detergents that are low-suds, biodegradable, and low- or phosphate-free
- Prevent system freezing during cold weather by inspecting and insulating vulnerable system parts (e.g., the inspection pipe and soil treatment area)



For more SepticSmart tips, visit www.epa.gov/septicsmart

SAM



A Homeowner's Guide to Septic Systems



Idaho Department of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton Boise, ID 83706

January 2001

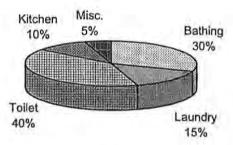


Do you have a home septic system? As an Idaho resident, there is a good chance you do—thirty-six percent of Idaho's homes, or about 210,000 residences, use septic systems to treat their sewage. These systems discharge more than 53 million gallons of wastewater into Idaho's soils annually, and this figure grows each year. In 1999, Idaho's seven health districts issued over 6,100 permits for new septic systems.

Septic systems dispose of household sewage, or wastewater, generated from toilet use, bathing, laundry, and kitchen and cleaning activities. Because septic systems are underground and seldom require daily care, many homeowners rarely think about routine operations and maintenance. However, if a septic system is not properly designed, located, constructed, and maintained, groundwater may become contaminated.

Household Wastewater

Households that are not served by public sewers depend on septic tank systems to treat and dispose of wastewater. Household wastewater carries with it all wastes that go down the drains in our homes, including human waste, dirt, food, toilet paper, soap, detergents, and cleaning products. It contains dissolved nutrients, household chemicals, grease, oil, microorganisms (including some that cause disease), and solid particles. If not properly treated by your septic system, chemicals and microorganisms in wastewater can travel through the soil to groundwater and pose a health hazard.



The average person uses between 50 and 75 gallons of water per day; mostly in the bathroom. Reducing your water use will help your septic system to work more efficiently.

Your Septic System

A conventional septic system has three working parts: a septic tank, a drainfield, and surrounding soil.

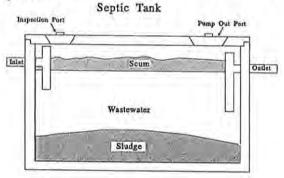
Septic Tank

Septic tanks can be made of concrete, fiberglass, or plastic and must be approved by the state. Minimum sizes of tanks have been established for residences based on the number of bedrooms in the dwelling. In Idaho, a 1,000-gallon septic tank is required for homes with three or four bedrooms. Larger tanks are required for larger homes. Local district health departments issue permits for septic systems and specify the minimum size tank. Some systems installed before the current rules and regulations may have smaller septic tanks.

A septic tank has three main functions:

- to remove as many solids as possible from household wastewater before sending the liquid, called "effluent," to a
 drainfield;
- to decompose solids in the tank; and
- to store solids that do not decompose.

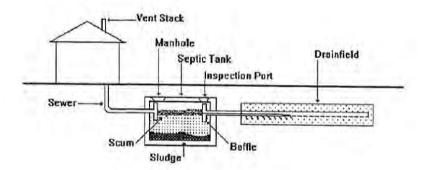
When raw wastewater enters the tank, heavy solids sink to the bottom of the tank as sludge. Light solids, such as grease and paper, float to the surface as scum. During the wastewater storage period, bacteria digest organic material in the wastewater. During this process, the solid material is reduced in volume and composition. Solids that do not decompose accumulate in the tank and eventually must be pumped out.



Tees, or baffles, are provided at the tank's inlet and outlet pipes. The inlet tee slows the incoming wastes and reduces disturbance of the settled sludge. The outlet tee keeps the solids and scum in the tank. As new wastewater enters the tank through the inlet tee, an equal amount of wastewater is pushed out of the tank through the outlet tee. The effluent that leaves the tank has been partially treated but still contains disease-causing bacteria and other pollutants.

Drainfield

Each time raw wastewater enters the tank it forces an equal amount of effluent into a drainfield. A standard drainfield is composed of a series of perforated pipes buried in gravel-filled trenches in the soil. The effluent seeps out of the perforated pipes and percolates through the gravel to the soil.



Soil

The soil below the drainfield provides the final treatment and disposal of the septic tank effluent. After the effluent has passed into the soil, most of it percolates downward and outward, eventually entering the groundwater. Soils are critical to the treatment of septic tank wastewater.

A system that is not functioning properly will release nutrient-rich and bacterial-laden wastewater into the groundwater and/or surface water. These contaminated waters pose a significant public health threat to people that come into contact with them. Wastewater that moves with groundwater can transport bacteria considerable distances. This can result in a threat to public health and adversely affect the quality of ground and surface waters.

Caring for Your Septic System

Installing Your System

In order to have a septic system installed on your property, you must first obtain a permit. Permit applications are available from your local district health department. Next, you must have a site evaluation performed. Make arrangements for this with your district health department and with a licensed septic system installer. Note that not all property is suitable for septic systems, so some permits may be denied. It is recommended that you have a site evaluation performed before you purchase property. Finally, have your system installed by a licensed installer and inspected by your local health district. Provide regular, preventative, maintenance to keep your system running smoothly.

Inspecting Your System

When too much sludge and scum are allowed to accumulate in your tank, the incoming sewage will not have enough time in the septic tank for solids to settle. Solids may flow to the drainfield and clog the pipes, causing the sewage to overflow to the ground surface, where it exposes humans and animals to disease-causing organisms. To prevent this from happening, it is very important to inspect your tank regularly and have it serviced when needed. All tanks have accessible manholes for inspecting and pumping. Some excavation work may be needed to uncover the manhole.

Properly designed tanks should have enough capacity for three to eight years of use before needing service. This is dependent upon the amount of wastewater generated. It is recommended that an average family of four have its septic tank pumped out every three to five years. Don't wait for signs of system failure to have your tank pumped. Your tank should be checked annually to measure sludge and scum levels. A licensed septic tank pumper can provide a septic tank inspection and recommend when the tank should be pumped. A tank inspection should include measuring the depth of scum and sludge and inspecting the tees in the septic tank.

If you do the inspection yourself, it is important to understand that septic tanks always appear full because both the inlet and the outlet are at the top of the tank. What you will need to know is how much of the tank's volume is being taken up by scum and sludge. When sludge and scum take up more than 35 percent of the tank volume, these solids need to be removed by pumping. A pole wrapped in a course weave cloth can be used to check the sludge depth. An extension on the pole can be used to measure the scum depth. Record these measurements as part of your pumping records. To check the tees, uncover the inspection ports.

Never allow anyone to enter your septic tank. Dangerous gases and the lack of oxygen can kill in minutes.

While it is impractical to inspect the pipes in your drainfield, it is important to watch for drainfield failure or overuse. See "Warning Signs of System Failure" in this booklet for information.

Maintaining Your System

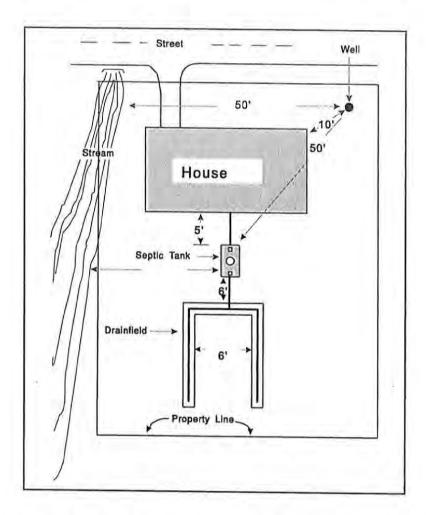
Pumping your septic tank every three years (or as determined by your inspections) will remove accumulations of solids, help keep the drainfield from becoming clogged, and help prevent you from experiencing sewage backups or septic system failure. An accumulation of sludge exceeding 35% of the total water depth in the septic tank could cause solids to enter the drainfield and clog the system. Hire a licensed septic tank pumper to pump your tank for you.

Mapping Your System

In order to take proper care of your septic system, you must know the location of the septic tank and drainfield. The location of your septic tank can be determined from plot plans, septic system inspection records, architectural or landscape drawings, or from observations of the house plumbing. If you do not have access to drawings, find where the sewer pipe leaves your house. Some installers mark the location where the waste pipe comes out of the house with an "S" on the foundation. You may want to do this as well. Probe in the ground 10 to 15 feet directly out from the location where the pipe leaves your house to find your tank.

Once the septic tank has been located, make several plot plan diagrams (with measurements) that include a rough sketch of your house, septic tank cover, drainfield area, well, and any other permanent reference points (such as trees or large rocks) and place them with your important papers. You'll find a sample system diagram on the next page, and a place to draw your own inside the front cover of this booklet. You may also want to hang a diagram in your garage and provide one to your local district health office.

Maintain a permanent record of any septic system maintenance, repair, sludge and scum levels, pumping, drainfield condition, household backups, and operations notes.



Create a septic system diagram, similar to this one, for your system.

Warning Signs of System Failure

While proper use, inspections, and maintenance should prevent most septic tank problems, it is still important to be aware of changes in your septic system and to act immediately if you suspect a system failure. There are many signs of septic system failure:

- surfacing sewage or wet spots in the drainfield area;
- plumbing or septic tank backups;
- slow draining fixtures;
- · gurgling sounds in the plumbing system;
- sewage odors in the house or yard (note that the house plumbing vent on the roof will emit sewage odors and this is normal); and
- tests showing the presence of bacteria in well water.

If you notice any of these signs, or if you suspect your septic tank system may be having problems, contact a licensed septic system professional or your local district health agency for assistance.

Septic System Dos and Don'ts

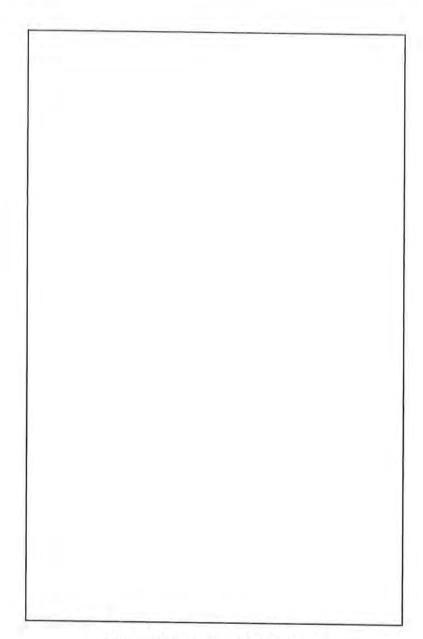
Proper operation of a septic system can prevent costly repairs or replacement. Observing the following guidelines will help to keep your system running efficiently.

Da

- ...practice water conservation. The more wastewater you produce, the more wastewater your system must treat and dispose. By reducing and balancing your use, you can extend the life of your system and avoid costly repairs.
 - Use water saving devices such as low flow showerheads.
 - Repair leaky faucets and plumbing fixtures immediately.
 - o Reduce toilet reservoir volume or flow.
 - Take short showers.
 - Take baths with a partially filled tub.
 - Wash only full loads of dishes and laundry.
 - o Shut off the water while shaving or brushing your teeth.
 - o Balance your water use (e.g., avoid washing several loads of laundry in one day).
- keep accurate records. Know where your septic tank is, keep a diagram of its location using the space provided in this booklet, and keep a record of system maintenance.
- ...inspect your system annually. Check the sludge and scum levels inside the tank and periodically check the drainfield for odors, wet spots, or surfacing sewage.
- ...pump your system routinely. Pumping your septic tank is probably the single most important thing you can do to protect your system.
- ...keep all runoff away from your system. Water from roofs and driveways should be diverted away from the septic
 tank and drainfield area. Soil over your system should be mounded slightly to encourage runoff.
- ...protect your system from damage. Keep vehicles and livestock off your drainfield. The pressure can compact the soil or damage the pipes. Before you dig for any reason, check the location of your system and drainfield area.
- ...landscape your system properly. Plant grass over the drainfield area. Don't plant trees or shrubs or place impermeable materials, such as concrete or plastic, over the drainfield.
- ...use cleaning chemicals in moderation and only according to manufacturer's directions.

Don't

- ...flood irrigate over your system or drainfield area. The best way to irrigate these areas is with sprinklers.
- ...use caustic drain openers for clogged drains. Use boiling water or a drain snake to clean out clogs.
- ...enter a septic tank. Poisonous gases or a lack of oxygen can be fatal.
- ...use septic tank additives. They are not necessary for the proper functioning of your tank and they do not reduce the need for pumping. In fact, some additives can even harm your system.
- ...flush harmful materials into your tank. Grease, cooking oil, coffee grounds, sanitary napkins, and cigarettes
 do not easily decompose in septic tanks. Chemicals, such as solvents, oils, paints, and pesticides, are harmful to
 your systems operation and may pollute groundwater.
- ...use a garbage disposal. Using a garbage disposal will increase the amount of solids entering the septic tank
 and will result in the need for more frequent pumping.



Map your septic system here

For More Information

If you need to obtain a permit for a new or replacement septic system, or if you have questions about septic systems and their operation and maintenance, please contact your local health district.

Panhandle District Health Department 8500 N. Atlas Road Hayden, ID 83835 208-415-5100

North Central District Health Department 215 10th Street Lewiston, ID 83501 208-799-0353

Southwest District Health Department 920 Main Street Caldwell, ID 83605 208-455-5400

Central District Health Department 707 N. Armstrong Place Boise, ID 83704 208-327-7499

South Central District Health Department 1020 Washington Street North Twin Falls, ID 83303 208-734-5900

Southeastern District Health Department 1901 Alvin Ricken Drive Pocatello, ID 83201 208-239-5270

District 7 Health Department 254 "E" Street Idaho Falls, ID 83402 208-523-5382